=> d his ful

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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 08:54:18 ON 20 AUG 2005)
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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:54:23 ON 20 AUG 2005
L2
                STR
L3
         120699 SEA SSS FUL L2
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                STR
L5
          51757 SEA SUB=L3 SSS FUL L4
L9
                STR
                STR L9
L10
L11
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                STR L9
L12
                STR L12
L13
L17
                STR L15
L20
          1437 SEA SSS FUL L9 OR L10 OR L11 OR L12 OR L13
L21
                STR L17
L22
            210 SEA SSS FUL L17
L23
                STR L15
L24
              9 SEA SUB=L22 SSS FUL L23
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:22:38 ON 20 AUG 2005
L25
            484 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L24
L26
          15691 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L5
L27
           8894 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L20
L28
              2 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L25 AND L26 AND L27
               D STAT QUE
               D IBIB ABS HITSTR L28 1-2
L32
             89 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L26 AND L27
L36
             27 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L24/P
            14 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L25 AND L26
L37
            12 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L25 AND L27
L38
            70 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L32 AND PD=<OCTOBER 9, 2002
L39
L40
            39 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L36 OR L37 OR L38
            14 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L40 AND PD=<OCTOBER 9, 2002
L41
               D IBIB ABS HITSTR L41 1-14
            70 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L39 NOT (L41 OR L28)
L42
L45
           3967 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L26(L)REACTANT/RL
L46
           6032 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON 'L27(L) REACTANT/RL
L47
             32 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L45 AND L46) AND L42
               D STAT QUE
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FILE HOME

FILE REGISTRY

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 19 AUG 2005 HIGHEST RN 861198-35-8 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 19 AUG 2005 HIGHEST RN 861198-35-8

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 18, 2005

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

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Sackey 10_682530-History

* The CA roles and document type information have been removed from * the IDE default display format and the ED field has been added, * effective March 20, 2005. A new display format, IDERL, is now * available and contains the CA role and document type information. *

Structure search iteration limits have been increased. See HELP SLIMITS for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html

FILE HCAPLUS

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 20 Aug 2005 VOL 143 ISS 9 FILE LAST UPDATED: 19 Aug 2005 (20050819/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

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=> fil hcaplus FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:22:38 ON 20 AUG 2005 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2005 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 20 Aug 2005 VOL 143 ISS 9 FILE LAST UPDATED: 19 Aug 2005 (20050819/ED)

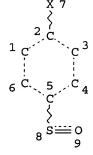
New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> =>

=> d stat que L2

STR



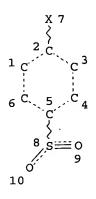
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GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RSPEC I NUMBER OF NODES IS

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L3 120699 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L2

L4 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

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DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

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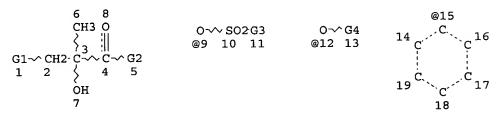
RSPEC I

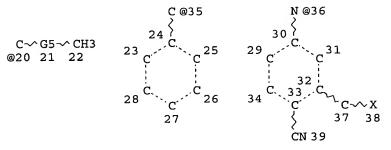
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STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L5 51757 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L3 SSS FUL L4

L9 STI





VAR G1=X/9

VAR G2=OH/12

VAR G3=OH/ME/ET/I-PR/N-PR/I-BU/N-BU/T-BU/S-BU/15

VAR G4=ME/ET/I-PR/N-PR/I-BU/N-BU/T-BU/S-BU/20/CB/35/36

REP G5 = (3-4) C

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

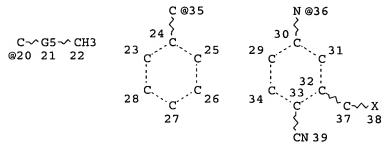
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 39

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE







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VAR G4=ME/ET/I-PR/N-PR/I-BU/N-BU/T-BU/S-BU/20/CB/35/36

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REP G6=(0-3) A

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DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

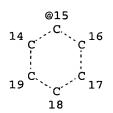
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RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 30

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L11 STR



VAR G1=X/9

VAR G3=OH/ME/ET/I-PR/N-PR/I-BU/N-BU/T-BU/S-BU/15

REP G7 = (2-7) A

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 17

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

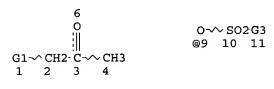
L12 STR

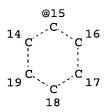
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14 C C 16
19 C 17

VAR G1=X/9
VAR G3=OH/ME/ET/I-PR/N-PR/I-BU/N-BU/T-BU/S-BU/15
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 14

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE L13 STR





VAR G1=X/9
VAR G3=OH/ME/ET/I-PR/N-PR/I-BU/N-BU/T-BU/S-BU/15
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 14

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE L17 STR

NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 20

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L20 1437 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L9 OR L10 OR L11 OR L12 OR L13 L22 210 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L17

L23 STR

NODE ATTRIBUTES:
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 24

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L24 9 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L22 SSS FUL L23 L25 484 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L24 L26 15691 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L5 L27 8894 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L20

L28 2 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L25 AND L26 AND L27

=>

=>

=> d ibib abs hitstr 128 1-2

L28 ANSWER 1 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:293441 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:303414

TITLE:

Process for making bicalutamide and intermediates

thereof

INVENTOR (S):

Thijs, Lambertus; Keltjens, Rolf; Ettema, Gerrit J. B.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Neth.

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 23 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 261,492.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
		- -		
US 2004068135	A1	20040408	US 2003-682530	20031010
US 2003073742	A1	20030417	US 2002-261492	20021002
US 6818766	B2	20041116		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2002-261492 A2	20021002
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	140:303414		
GI				

Bicalutamide (I) and/or its intermediates are made by reaction of AB p-fluorobenzenesulfinic acid salt (II; Z = a cation) with 2-hydroxyisobutyric acid derivs. of formula YCH2C(Me)(OX)COA (A = OR; wherein R = H, C1-6 alkyl, C3-6 cycloalkyl, Ph, benzyl,4-cyano-3trifluoromethylanilino; Y = leaving group and X = H; or X and Y are joined together to form a 3- to 6-membered heterocyclic ring, in particular oxirane ring; or X and A are joined together to form a 5- to 10-membered fused or unfused heterocyclic ring with the proviso that if a ring nitrogen is present, it may be substituted by a 3-trifluoromethyl-4cyanophenyl group), YCH2CMe:CH2 (Y = same as above), or YCH2COMe (Y = same as above). Thus, 0.500 g N-[4-cyano-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2-methyl-2oxiranecarboxamide (III) was dissolved in dissolved in a mixture of 40 mL CHCl3 and 40 mL H2O, successively treated with 371 mg sodium p-fluorobenzenesulfinate and 298 mg tetrabutylammonium bromide, and refluxed for 96 h to give, after workup and silica gel chromatog., 380 mg I (48% yield). Similarly, chiral (R)-I was obtained using chiral epoxide (S)-III in 43% yield.

IT 676559-19-6, Ammonium p-fluorobenzenesulfinate
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(claimed compound; preparation of bicalutamide by coupling of N-[4-cyano-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2-methyl-2-orixanecarboxamide or -3-(halo or mesyloxy)-2-hydroxy-2-methylpropanamide with sodium p-fluorobenzenesulfinate)

RN 676559-19-6 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfinic acid, 4-fluoro-, ammonium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

NH3

RN 824-80-6 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfinic acid, 4-fluoro-, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Na

58653-97-7P, Methyl 2-methyl-2-oxiranecarboxylate IT 512776-89-5P, (1R,2S,5R)-2-Isopropyl-5-methylcyclohexyl 2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-dioxolane-4-carboxylate 512776-90-8P, Sodium 2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-dioxolane-4-carboxylate RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation of bicalutamide by coupling of N-[4-cyano-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2-methyl-2-orixanecarboxamide or -3-(halo or mesyloxy) -2-hydroxy-2-methylpropanamide with sodium p-fluorobenzenesulfinate) 58653-97-7 HCAPLUS RNOxiranecarboxylic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Absolute stereochemistry.

Na

RN 113299-40-4 HCAPLUS
CN Propanamide, N-[4-cyano-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-2-hydroxy-2-methyl-, (2R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

L28 ANSWER 2 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:300625 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:321017

Process for making bicalutamide using a TITLE:

p-fluorobenzenesulfinic acid salt.

INVENTOR(S): Thijs, Lambertus; Keltjens, Rolf; Ettema, Gerrit Jan

Bouke

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Synthon B.V., Neth.

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 24 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.						KIND DATE				APPL	ICAT		DATE						
	US	2003	0737	42		A1		2003	0417	,	US 2	002-	2614:	92		2	0021	002		
	US	6818	766			В2		2004	1116											
	WO	2004	0311	36		A1		2004	0415	1	WO 2	003-		20031001						
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,		
			CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH.		
								IN,												
								MD,												
								RU,												
								US,								•	•	,		
		RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	ŪĠ,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,		
								TM,												
								IE,												
								CM,												
	EΡ	1546								EP 2003-757932										
		R:						ES,									MC,	PT,		
			IE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	HU,	SK	•		
	US	2004																010		
PRIO		APP													1					
																W 20031001				
OTHE	R SC	URCE	(S):			CASI	REAC	T 13	8:32											
AB																ıvl)ı	ohen	/11-2		
											4-cyano-3-(trifluoromet tion given). Na p-fluor									
	methyl-2-oxiranecarboxamide (preparation given), Na p-fluorobenzenesulfin																			

inate, and Bu4NBr were refluxed together for 96 h to give 48% bicalutamide.

IT 90357-06-5P, Bicalutamide 113299-40-4P

> RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(process for making bicalutamide using a p-fluorobenzenesulfinic acid salt)

90357-06-5 HCAPLUS RN

Propanamide, N-[4-cyano-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-3-[(4-CN fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-2-hydroxy-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 113299-40-4 HCAPLUS

CN Propanamide, N-[4-cyano-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-2-hydroxy-2-methyl-, (2R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

IT 369-51-7D, p-Fluorobenzenesulfinic acid, salts 824-80-6,

Sodium p-fluorobenzenesulfinate

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(process for making bicalutamide using a p-fluorobenzenesulfinic acid salt)

RN 369-51-7 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfinic acid, 4-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 824-80-6 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfinic acid, 4-fluoro-, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Na

IT 58653-97-7P 512776-89-5P 512776-90-8P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(process for making bicalutamide using a p-fluorobenzenesulfinic acid salt)

RN 58653-97-7 HCAPLUS

CN Oxiranecarboxylic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 512776-89-5 HCAPLUS

CN 1,3-Dioxolane-4-carboxylic acid, 2,2,4-trimethyl-, (1R,2S,5R)-5-methyl-2- (1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 512776-90-8 HCAPLUS

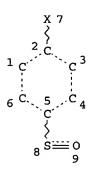
CN 1,3-Dioxolane-4-carboxylic acid, 2,2,4-trimethyl-, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Na

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 18 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

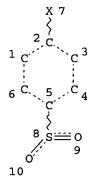
RSPEC I

NUMBER OF NODES IS 9

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L3 120699 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L2

L4 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

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DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RSPEC I

NUMBER OF NODES IS 10

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L5 51757 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L3 SSS FUL L4

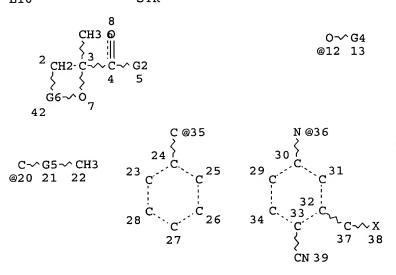
L9 STR

VAR G1=X/9
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VAR G3=OH/ME/ET/I-PR/N-PR/I-BU/N-BU/T-BU/S-BU/15
VAR G4=ME/ET/I-PR/N-PR/I-BU/N-BU/T-BU/S-BU/20/CB/35/36
REP G5=(3-4) C
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 39

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE L10 STR



VAR G2=OH/12 VAR G4=ME/ET/I-PR/N-PR/I-BU/N-BU/T-BU/S-BU/20/CB/35/36 REP G5=(3-4) C REP G6=(0-3) A

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DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

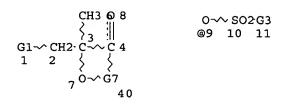
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

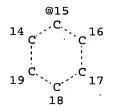
NUMBER OF NODES IS 30

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L11

STR





VAR G1=X/9

VAR G3=OH/ME/ET/I-PR/N-PR/I-BU/N-BU/T-BU/S-BU/15

REP G7 = (2-7) A

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

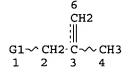
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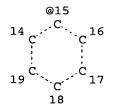
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 17

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L12 STR





VAR G1=X/9

VAR G3=OH/ME/ET/I-PR/N-PR/I-BU/N-BU/T-BU/S-BU/15

0 → SO2G3 @9 10 11

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 14

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L13

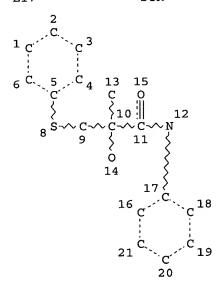
STE



VAR G1=X/9
VAR G3=OH/ME/ET/I-PR/N-PR/I-BU/N-BU/T-BU/S-BU/15
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 14

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE L17 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 20

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L20 1437 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L9 OR L10 OR L11 OR L12 OR L13

L22 210 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L17

L23 STR

NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 24

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

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L25	484	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L24
L26	15691	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L5
L27	8894	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L20
L36	27	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L24/P
L37	14	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L25 AND L26
L38	12	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L25 AND L27
L40	39	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L36 OR L37 OR L38

=>

=> d his 141

(FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:26:06 ON 20 AUG 2005)
L41 14 S L40 AND PD=<OCTOBER 9, 2002

=> d ibib abs hitstr 141 1-14

L41 ANSWER 1 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:895868 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:143316

TITLE: ADME evaluation 2. A computer model for the prediction

of intestinal absorption in humans

AUTHOR(S): Klopman, Gilles; Stefan, Liliana R.; Saiakhov, Roustem

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Chemistry, Case Western Reserve

University, Cleveland, OH, 44106, USA

SOURCE:

European Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences (

2002), 17(4-5), 253-263

CODEN: EPSCED; ISSN: 0928-0987

PUBLISHER:

Elsevier Science Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

Purpose: To develop a computational method to rapidly evaluate human intestinal absorption, one of the drug properties included in the term ADME (Absorption, Distribution, Metabolism, Excretion). Poor ADME properties are the most important reason for drug failure in clin. development. Methods: The model developed is based on a modified contribution group method in which the basic parameters are structural descriptors identified by the case program, together with the number of hydrogen bond donors. Results: The human intestinal absorption model is a quant. structure-activity relationship (QSAR) that includes 37 structural descriptors derived from the chemical structures of a data set containing 417 drugs. The model was able to predict the percentage of drug absorbed from the gastrointestinal tract with an r2 of 0.79 and a standard deviation of 12.32% of the compds. from the training set. The standard deviation for an external test set (50 drugs) was 12.34%. Conclusions: The availability of reliable and fast models like the one we propose here to predict ADME/Tox properties could help speed up the process of finding compds. with improved properties, ultimately making the entire drug discovery process shorter and more cost efficient.

94-20-2, Chlorpropamide 90357-06-5, Bicalutamide IT RL: PKT (Pharmacokinetics); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(computer model for prediction of intestinal absorption in humans)

94-20-2 HCAPLUS RN

Benzenesulfonamide, 4-chloro-N-[(propylamino)carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX CN NAME)

90357-06-5 HCAPLUS RN

Propanamide, N-[4-cyano-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-3-[(4-CNfluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-2-hydroxy-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 36 THERE ARE 36 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L41 ANSWER 2 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:509907 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:384623

TITLE: Syntheses of enantiomerically pure (R) - and

(S)-bicalutamide

AUTHOR(S): James, Kenneth D.; Ekwuribe, Nnochiri N.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Innovation, Nobex Corporation, Durham,

NC, 27713, USA

SOURCE: Tetrahedron (2002), 58(29), 5905-5908

CODEN: TETRAB; ISSN: 0040-4020

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 137:384623

GΙ

AB The racemic antiandrogen bicalutamide is the leading antiandrogen used for the treatment of prostate cancer. The (R)-isomer possesses virtually all of the activity, but both isomers are metabolized by the liver. A convenient synthetic route to the active enantiomer would be an attractive option for patients who are hepatically impaired. We now demonstrate a rather short synthesis of (R)-bicalutamide (I), starting with naturally occurring (S)-citramalic acid (II). The authors have also used this procedure to synthesized the less active (S)-bicalutamide from the

unnatural (R)-citramalic acid.

IT 335595-50-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(syntheses of enantiomerically pure (R) - and (S) -bicalutamide)

RN 335595-50-1 HCAPLUS

CN 1,3-Dioxolan-4-one, 5-(bromomethyl)-5-methyl-2-(tribromomethyl)-, (5R)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 113299-38-0P 113299-40-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (syntheses of enantiomerically pure (R) - and (S) -bicalutamide)

RN 113299-38-0 HCAPLUS

CN Propanamide, N-[4-cyano-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-2-hydroxy-2-methyl-, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

RN 113299-40-4 HCAPLUS

CN Propanamide, N-[4-cyano-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-2-hydroxy-2-methyl-, (2R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

REFERENCE COUNT: 22 THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L41 ANSWER 3 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:449662 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:33310

Preparation of anilinopyrimidines as IKK inhibitors TITLE:

INVENTOR(S): Kois, Adam; MacFarlane, Karen J.; Satoh, Yoshitaka;

Bhagwat, Shripad S.; Parnes, Jason S.; Palanki,

Moorthy S. S.; Erdman, Paul E.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Signal Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 194 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.												DATE					
WO	2002	0461	71		A2			0613	WO 2001-US46403									
	₩:	CO, GM, LS, PL,	CR, HR, LT, PT,	CU, HU, LU, RO,	CZ, ID, LV, RU,	DE, IL, MA, SD,	AU, DK, IN, MD, SE, ZW,	DM, IS, MG, SG,	DZ, JP, MK, SI,	EC, KE, MN, SK,	EE, KG, MW, SL,	ES, KP, MX, TJ,	FI, KR, MZ, TM,	GB, KZ, NO, TR,	GD, LC, NZ, TT,	GE, LK, OM, TZ,	GH, LR, PH,	
	RW:	GH, CY,	GM, DE,	KE, DK,	LS, ES,	MW, FI,	MZ, FR, CM,	SD, GB,	SL, GR,	SZ, IE,	TZ,	UG, LU,	ZM, MC,	ZW, NL,	AT, PT,	BE, SE,	TR,	
US	2003								US 2001-4642									
CA	2431	160			AA		2002	0613	(CA 2	001-	2431	20011205 <					
AU	2002	0201	95		A5		2002	0618		AU 2	002-	2019	5		20	00112	205 <	
EP	1349	841			A2		2003	1008	1	EP 2	001-	99956	54		20	0112	205	
-	R:						ES, RO,					LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
JP	2004	5234	97		T2		2004	0805		JP 2	002-	5479:	10		20	00112	205	
PRIORITY	APP	LN. :	INFO	. :								2518: US464						
OTHER SOURCE(S):					MARPAT 13			3331)									

GΙ

RN

AB The title compds. [I; R1 = (un)substituted (hetero)aryl; R2 = H; R3 = H, alkyl; R4 = halo, OH, alkyl, alkoxy; R5, R6 = R8, (CH2)aCOR9, (CH2)aCO2R9, etc.; or NR5R6 = (un)substituted heterocycle; R8, R9 = H, alkyl, aryl, etc.; a = 0-4] having activity as inhibitors of IKK, particularly IKK-2, were prepared E.g., a multi-step synthesis of I [R1 = 4-ClC6H4; R2-R6 = H] having an IC50 of \leq 1 μ M in the IKK-2 enzyme assay, was given. Such compds. I have utility in the treatment of a wide range of conditions that are responsive to IKK inhibition. Thus, methods of treating such conditions are also disclosed, as are pharmaceutical compns. containing one or more compds. of the above compds.

IT **90357-06-5**, Bicalutamide

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (anticancer agent; preparation of anilinopyrimidines as IKK inhibitors) 90357-06-5 HCAPLUS

CN Propanamide, N-[4-cyano-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-2-hydroxy-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ι

IT 434948-10-4P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of anilinopyrimidines as IKK inhibitors)

RN 434948-10-4 HCAPLUS

CN Piperazine, 1-acetyl-4-[4-[[4-[4-[[(4-chlorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]phenyl]-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]benzoyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L41 ANSWER 4 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:449661 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:33309

TITLE: Preparation of anilinopyrimidines as JNK pathway

inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): Kois, Adam; MacFarlane, Karen J.; Satoh, Yoshitaka;

Bhagwat, Shripad S.; Parnes, Jason S.; Palanki,

Moorthy S. S.; Erdman, Paul E.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Signal Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 199 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	PATENT NO.					KIND DATE					_	-		DATE				
WO	2002	 0461	70		A2	20020613						 US464		20011205 <				
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,	
		CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	
		GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KΡ,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	
		LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	ΝZ,	OM,	PH,	
		PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	
		UG,	UZ,	VN,	ΥU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM	
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	
		CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	TR,	
		BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG	
CA	2430	966			AA		2002	0613	CA 2001-2430966					20011205 <				
AU	2002	0272	14		A5		2002	0618	AU 2002-27214						20011205 <			
EP	1349	840			A 2		2003	1008]	EP 2	001-	9961	03		20	0011	205	
	R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
		ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR							
JP	2004	5347	28		T2		2004	1118		JP 2	002-	54790	9	20011205				
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	. :					1	JS 2	000-	25190	04P	1	P 20	0001	206	
									1	NO 2	001-	US464	102	7	W 20	0011	205	
OTHER S	THER SOURCE(S):					PAT	137:	3330	9									

GI

The title compds. [I; R1 = (un)substituted (hetero)aryl; R2 = H; R3 = H, alkyl; R4 = halo, OH, alkyl, alkoxy; R5, R6 = R8, (CH2)aCOR9, (CH2)aCO2R9, etc.; or NR5R6 = (un)substituted heterocycle; R8, R9 = H, alkyl, aryl, etc.; a = 0-4] having activity as inhibitors of the JNK pathway, were prepared E.g., a multi-step synthesis of I [R1 = 4-ClC6H4; R2-R6 = H] having an IC50 of \leq 10 μM in the JNK2 assay, was given. Such compds. I have utility in the treatment of a wide range of conditions that are responsive to inhibition of the JNK pathway. Thus, methods of

Ι

treating such conditions are also disclosed, as are pharmaceutical compns. containing one or more compds. of the above compds.

IT 90357-06-5, Bicalutamide

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (anticancer agent; preparation of anilinopyrimidines as JNK pathway inhibitors)

RN 90357-06-5 HCAPLUS

CN Propanamide, N-[4-cyano-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-2-hydroxy-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

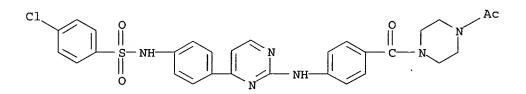
IT 434948-10-4P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of anilinopyrimidines as JNK pathway inhibitors)

RN 434948-10-4 HCAPLUS

CN Piperazine, 1-acetyl-4-[4-[4-[4-[(4-chlorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]phenyl]-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]benzoyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L41 ANSWER 5 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:414656 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:262824

TITLE: A two-step synthesis of the anti-cancer drug

(R,S)-bicalutamide

AUTHOR(S): James, Kenneth D.; Ekwuribe, Nnochiri N.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Innovation, Nobex Corporation, Durham,

NC, 27713, USA

SOURCE: Synthesis (2002), (7), 850-852

CODEN: SYNTBF; ISSN: 0039-7881

PUBLISHER: Georg Thieme Verlag

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 137:262824

GΙ

A short, efficient synthesis of the non-steroidal antiandrogen AB (R,S)-bicalutamide I is presented. This new route generates bicalutamide in only two steps with an overall yield of 73%. The key step is a 1,2-addition of 4-fluorophenyl methylsulfone to a keto-amide II.

IT90357-06-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (two-step synthesis of the anti-cancer drug (R,S)-bicalutamide via addition reaction of 4-fluorophenyl methylsulfone to keto-amide)

90357-06-5 HCAPLUS RN

CN Propanamide, N-[4-cyano-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-3-[(4fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-2-hydroxy-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 5

THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L41 ANSWER 6 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

2002:240719 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:262992

TITLE:

Process for the preparation of N-(substituted phenyl)-3-alkyl-, aryl- and heteroarylsulfonyl-2-

hydroxy-2-alkyl- and haloalkylpropanamide

antiandrogenic compounds

INVENTOR(S):

Chen, Bang-Chi; Sundeen, Joseph E.; Zhao, Rulin

Bristol-Myers Squibb Company, USA

Page 25

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002024638		WO 2001-US42171	20010917 <
W: AE, AG, AL,	AM, AT, AU, AZ,	BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, B	Z, CA, CH, CN,
		DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, G	
		JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, K	
		MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, N	
		SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, T	
		AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, R	
		SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, A	
		IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, P	
		GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, S	
•		CA 2001-2423158	
		US 2001-953759	
US 6562994			20010317
		EP 2001-975752	20010017
		GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, N	L, SE, MC, PI,
•	LV, FI, RO, MK,		00010015
		JP 2002-529051	
		CN 2001-818933	
BR 2001014277	A 20041221	BR 2001-14277	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		US 2000-234121P	
		WO 2001-US42171	W 20010917
OTHER SOURCE(S):	CASREACT 136:26	2992; MARPAT 136:26299	·2
GI			

The title compds. [I; Y = cyano, nitro, perfluoroalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl; R = perfluoroalkyl, cyano, nitro, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, alkyl, alkoxy; R1 = (halo)alkyl; R2 = alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl; e.g., bicalutamide], useful for the treatment of androgen-mediated diseases (no data), are prepared without the use of chromatog. sepns. and expensive starting materials by phenylating propenamides H2NCOC(R1):CH2 (e.g., methacrylamide) with leaving group-substituted benzenes 1,2,4-C6H3Y(R)X (X = F, C1, Br, I, SO3R3; R3 =

(process for the preparation of N-(substituted phenyl)-3-alkyl-, aryl- and heteroarylsulfonyl-2-hydroxy-2-alkyl- and haloalkylpropanamide antiandrogenic compds.)

RN 90357-06-5 HCAPLUS

ΙT

CN

Propanamide, N-[4-cyano-3-(trifluoromethy1)pheny1]-3-[(4-fluoropheny1)sulfony1]-2-hydroxy-2-methy1-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L41 ANSWER 7 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:359958 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:366692

TITLE: Resolution of intermediates in the synthesis of

enantiomeric bicalutamide and analogs
Ekwuribe, Nnochiri N.; James, Kenneth D.

INVENTOR(S): Ekwuribe, Nnochiri N.; Jam
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nobex Corporation, USA
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 27 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT N		KIND		DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION I		DATE							
WO 20010	0345	63		A1 20010517			1	WO 2	000-	US41		20001025 <						
W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,		
	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,		
	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,		
	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	·MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,		
	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UΖ,	VN,		
	YU,	ZA,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM						
RW:	GH,	GM,	KΕ,	LS,	MW,	ΜZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	ŪG,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,		
	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,		
	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG					
CA 23891	100			AA		2001	0517		CA 2	000-	2389	100		2	0001	025 <		

20001025 <--20020702 BR 2000-15124 BR 2000015124 Α EP 2000-989719 20001025 <--20020724 EP 1224167 **A1** AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL JP 2001-536512 20001025 T220030415 JP 2003513955 20001025 20030715 US 2000-695884 US 6593492 B1 NZ 2000-518552 20001025 20031031 NZ 518552 Α 20020423 20030723 ZA 2002-3228 ZA 2002003228 Α 20020426 <--20020620 NO 2002-1999 Α NO 2002001999 19991027 US 1999-161884P P PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: WO 2000-US41609 W 20001025

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 134:366692

Title enantiomeric acylanilides were prepared by resolution of R4ZZ1Z2CR1(OH)CO2H [R1 = (halo)alkyl; R4 = (hydroxy)alkyl, alkenyl, (un)substituted Ph, etc.; Z = bond or alkylene; Z1 = O, SOO-2, (alkyl)imino; Z2 = alkylene] followed by amidation.

IT 90357-06-5P, Bicalutamide

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(resolution of intermediates in the synthesis of enantiomeric bicalutamide and analogs)

RN 90357-06-5 HCAPLUS

CN Propanamide, N-[4-cyano-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-2-hydroxy-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA_INDEX_NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L41 ANSWER 8 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:306242 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:87257

TITLE: Homology Modeling Using Multiple Molecular Dynamics

Simulations and Docking Studies of the Human Androgen Receptor Ligand Binding Domain Bound to Testosterone

and Nonsteroidal Ligands

AUTHOR(S): Marhefka, Craig A.; Moore, Bob M., II; Bishop, Thomas

C.; Kirkovsky, Leonid; Mukherjee, Arnab; Dalton, James

T.; Miller, Duane D.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences College of

Pharmacy, University of Tennessee-Health Science

Center, Memphis, TN, 38163, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2001),

44(11), 1729-1740

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

To facilitate the rational design of novel and more potent androgen AR receptor ligands, three-dimensional models for the human androgen receptor ligand binding domain bound to testosterone have been developed. These models of the androgen receptor were based on the crystal structure of the highly homologous human progesterone receptor ligand binding domain. homol. modeled androgen receptor was refined using unrestrained multiple mol. dynamics simulations in explicit solvent. Key H-bonding partners with the 17-hydroxy group and 3-keto group of testosterone are Asn705 and Thr877, and Gln711 and Arg752, resp. These models show the presence of a unique unoccupied cavity within the androgen receptor binding pocket which may be valuable in the development of novel selective androgen receptor ligands. A qual. anal. of amino acid mutations within the hAR binding pocket that affect ligand binding are consistent with these androgen receptor models. In addition to testosterone, the binding modes of several hydroxyflutamide-like nonsteroidal ligands for the androgen receptor are investigated using flexible docking with FlexX followed by refinement of the initial complexes with mol. dynamics simulations. These docking studies indicate that Asn705 is an important determinant in binding hydroxyflutamide and its derivs. by participating in H-bond interactions with the α -hydroxy moiety of these ligands. In addition, the nitro functionality mimics the 3-keto group of the natural ligand testosterone and is involved in H-bonding interactions with Gln711 and Arg752. From these docking studies, we suggest a mechanism for the enantioselective binding of chiral hydroxyflutamide derivs. and expand upon the previously reported structure-activity relationship for hydroxyflutamide and its derivs.

IT 90357-06-5, Bicalutamide

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(homol. modeling using multiple mol. dynamics simulations and docking studies of human androgen receptor ligand binding domain bound to testosterone and hydroxyflutamide derivative ligands)

RN 90357-06-5 HCAPLUS

CN Propanamide, N-[4-cyano-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-2-hydroxy-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 106089-19-4 106138-80-1

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(in hydroxyflutamide derivative preparation for human androgen receptor ligand-binding structure-activity mol. dynamics simulation and docking studies)

RN 106089-19-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrrolo[2,1-c][1,4]oxazine-1,4(3H)-dione, 3-(bromomethyl)tetrahydro-3-methyl-, (3S,8aS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

RN 106138-80-1 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrrolo[2,1-c][1,4]oxazine-1,4(3H)-dione, 3-(bromomethyl)tetrahydro-3-methyl-, (3R,8aR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

IT 106089-20-7P 261904-39-6P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(in hydroxyflutamide derivative preparation for human androgen receptor ligand-binding structure-activity mol. dynamics simulation and docking studies)

RN 106089-20-7 HCAPLUS

CN Propanoic acid, 3-bromo-2-hydroxy-2-methyl-, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

RN 261904-39-6 HCAPLUS

CN Propanoic acid, 3-bromo-2-hydroxy-2-methyl-, (2R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

REFERENCE COUNT: 59 THERE ARE 59 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L41 ANSWER 9 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:300671 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:326279

TITLE: Asymmetric synthesis and antiandrogenic use of

enantiomers of Casodex (bicalutamide) and derivatives

from enantiomers of citramalic acid or proline.

INVENTOR(S):
Ekwuribe, Nnochiri

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nobex Corporation, USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 44 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	PATENT NO.						KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.							DATE			
					A2 20010426 A3 20010907			WO 2000-US41233						20001018 <						
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		SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	MZ, TT, RU,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	•	•			
	RW:	GH, DE,	GM, DK,	KE, ES,	LS, FI,	MW, FR,	MZ, GB,	SD, GR,	SL, IE,	SZ, IT,	TZ, LU, NE,	UG, MC,	ZW, NL,	AT, PT,	BE,	•	•			
CA	2387														2	0001	018 <-			
																	018 <-			
	R:				-	-	-	FR, MK,	-		IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,			
BR	2000	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		000-	1488	9		2	0001	018			
JP	2003	5123	51		Т2		2003	0402	JP 2001-531790						2	0001	018			
US	6583	306			В1		2003	0624	1	JS 2	000-	6916	21		2	0001	018			
NZ	5183	92			Α		2004	0227]	NZ 2	000-	5183	92		2	0001	018			
ZA	2002	0029	47		Α		2003	0715	;	ZA 2	002-	2947			2	0020	415			
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US	2004	0301	30		A1		2004	0212	1	JS 2	003-	4443	43		2	0030	523			
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									1	JS 2	000-	6916	21		A3 2	0001	018			
						1	NO 2	000-1	US41:	233	1	₩ 2	0001	018						
OTHER S		CASI	REAC	T 13	4:326	5279	279; MARPAT 134:326279													

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 134:326279; MARPAT 134:326279

GI

A method of synthesizing pure enantiomers of acylanilides such as Casodex AΒ (bicalutamide) is disclosed. The method involves contacting certain ring compds. including I, II, or similar gem-disubstituted epoxides with nucleophiles R7-R6-X1H under conditions sufficient to provide a compound R7-R6-X2-R2-C(OH)(R1)-CO2H [wherein; R1 is alkyl or haloalkyl up to C4; R2 is alkyl up to C6; R6 is a bond or alkyl up to C6; R7 is alk(en)yl, hydroxyalkyl, etc. or R7 is Ph (substituted with up to 3 substituents chosen from H, halo, nitro, carboxy, carbamoyl, etc.); X1 is O, SOO-2, or (alkyl)imino; X2 is O, S(O)0-2 or (oxidized)(alkyl)imino; X3 is a leaving group]. The starting ring compds. are those that, when opened, provide a substituent -R2-C(OH)(R1)-R3 [wherein; R3 is CH2OR4, where R4 is H, PhCH2, C(O)CH3, C(O)OR5, where R5 is H or alkyl]. In an exemplary embodiment, readily available (S)-citramalic acid is reacted with bromal to yield I (R9 = H, R10 is CBr3, R1 is β -Me, R2 is α -CH2 and X3 is CO2H; III). Compound III is condensed with 2-mercaptopyridine-N-oxide using DCC in CBrCl3 (solvent) at reflux which resulted in α bromination/decarboxylation to IV. Intermediate IV was sequentially treated with base and 4-fluorobenzenethiol, coupled with 4-amino-2-trifluoromethylbenzonitrile and oxidized with mCPBA to give (R)-Casodex (V). The order of steps in the conversion of I or II to compds. exemplified by V may vary (e.g. substitution and oxidation of a sidechain of I may precede ring opening). The conversion of (R)-citramalic acid to (S)-Casodex is also claimed. Addnl., the invention mentions a modification of a route previously described for the transformation of (R) - and (S) -proline to (R) - and (S) -Casodex that improves yield proceeding through a proline-derived intermediate II. Biol. data comparing (R)-, (S)- and (\pm) -Casodex, synthesized by this method, in lowering testosterone response showed (R)-Casodex to be substantially more potent than the (S)-isomer.

IT 90357-06-5, Casodex

RN

CN

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(asym. synthesis (and use) of (R) - and (S) - Casodex (bicalutamide) from (S) - and (R) - citramalic acid)

90357-06-5 HCAPLUS

Propanamide, N-[4-cyano-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-2-hydroxy-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 113299-38-0P, S-Casodex 113299-40-4P, R-Casodex

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(asym. synthesis (and use) of (R) - and (S) -Casodex (bicalutamide) from (S) - and (R) -citramalic acid)

RN 113299-38-0 HCAPLUS

CN Propanamide, N-[4-cyano-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-2-hydroxy-2-methyl-, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

RN 113299-40-4 HCAPLUS

CN Propanamide, N-[4-cyano-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-2-hydroxy-2-methyl-, (2R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

IT 335595-50-1P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (asym. synthesis (and use) of (R) - and (S) - Casodex (bicalutamide) from (S) - and (R) - citramalic acid)

RN 335595-50-1 HCAPLUS

CN 1,3-Dioxolan-4-one, 5-(bromomethyl)-5-methyl-2-(tribromomethyl)-, (5R)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L41 ANSWER 10 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:12441 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:86040

TITLE: Preparation of bicalutamide enantiomers

INVENTOR(S): Soros, Bela; Tuba, Zoltan; Galik, Gyorgy; Bor, Adam;

Demeter, Adam; Trischler, Ferenc; Horvath, Janos;

Brlik, Janos

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Richter Gedeon Vegyeszeti Gyar Rt., Hung.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 33 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.					KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
					_												
WO 2001000608					A1 20010104			WO 2000-HU49						20000526 <			
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	ΑL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CR,
	CU, CZ, DE,			DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,
		ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,

LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG EP 2000-937111 EP 1189898 A1 20020327 20000526 <--EP 1189898 В1 20030312 AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, R: IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO 20030315 AT 234294 Ε AT 2000-937111 ES 2188550 Т3 20030701 ES 2000-937111 20000526 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: HU 1999-1937 19990610 Α WO 2000-HU49 W 20000526

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 134:86040

AB Racemic HOCH2CMe(OH)CO2H was optically resolved and the enantiomers treated with SOCL2 to give the dioxothiolanonecarbonyl chloride which was amidated by H2NC6H3(CF3)(CN)-3,4. The deprotected dihydroxyamide was O-acylated by RSO2Cl (R = 4,Me- or -BrC6H4) and the product thioetherified by 4-FC6H4SNa to give, after oxidation, the title compds.

IT 316374-01-3P 316374-02-4P 316374-03-5P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation of bicalutamide enantiomers)

RN 316374-01-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 3-[[4-cyano-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino]-2-hydroxy-2-methyl-3-oxopropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 316374-02-4 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, (2R)-3-[[4-cyano-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino]-2-hydroxy-2-methyl-3-oxopropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

RN 316374-03-5 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, (2S)-3-[[4-cyano-3-

(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino]-2-hydroxy-2-methyl-3-oxopropyl ester (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

IT 90357-06-5P 113299-38-0P 113299-40-4P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of bicalutamide enantiomers)

RN 90357-06-5 HCAPLUS

CN Propanamide, N-[4-cyano-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-2-hydroxy-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 113299-38-0 HCAPLUS

CN Propanamide, N-[4-cyano-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-2-hydroxy-2-methyl-, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

RN 113299-40-4 HCAPLUS

CN Propanamide, N-[4-cyano-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-3-[(4-

fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-2-hydroxy-2-methyl-, (2R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L41 ANSWER 11 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:804210 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:49289

TITLE: Nonsteroidal radiolabeled androgen receptor

agonist/antagonist compounds, preparation, and use in

prostate cancer imaging

INVENTOR(S): Miller, Duane D.; Kirkovsky, Leonid I.; Dalton, James

T.; Mukherjee, Arnab

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The University of Tennessee Research Corp., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 65 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT		KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.					DATE						
					-											
WO 9855	153			A1 19981210			WO 1998-US11483						19980604 <			
W :	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CU,	CZ,	DE,
	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GE,	GH,	GM,	GW,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IS,	JP,	KΕ,	KG,
	KΡ,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,
	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,
	UA,	UG,	UΖ,	VN,	ΥŪ,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM	
RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SZ,	UG,	ZW,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,
	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,
	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG							
AU 9877	231			A1		1998	1221	1	AU 1:	998-	7723	1		1:	99806	504 <
US 6019	957			Α		2000	0201	1	US 1	998-	9042	5		1:	99806	504 <
US 2002	09814	18		A1		2002	0725	1	US 1:	999-4	4615	43		1:	99912	215 <
PRIORITY APP	PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:							1	US 1	997-4	4937	5P]	P 1:	9706	504
								1	US 1	998-	9042	5	1	A3 1	99806	504
						1	WO 1	998-1	JS11	183	7	W 1:	9980	504		

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 130:49289

AB Anilide radiolabeled androgen receptor ligands are provided, as is their use in methods of imaging the prostate. Compound preparation is also described.

IT 217170-51-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(nonsteroidal radiolabeled androgen receptor agonist/antagonist compds., preparation, and use in prostate cancer imaging)

RN 217170-51-9 HCAPLUS

CN Propanamide, N-[4-cyano-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2-hydroxy-3-[[4-(iodo-125I)phenyl]sulfonyl]-2-methyl-, (2R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L41 ANSWER 12 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:161557 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 108:161557

TITLE: Nonsteroidal antiandrogens. Synthesis and

structure-activity relationships of 3-substituted

derivatives of 2-hydroxypropionanilides

AUTHOR (S):

Tucker, Howard; Crook, J. W.; Chesterson, G. J.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Pharm. Div., Imp. Chem. Ind. PLC, Macclesfield/Cheshire, AK10 4TG, UK

Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1988),

31(5), 954-9

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

English

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 108:161557

GI

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & & \\ R4 & & & \\ & & \\ & &$$

A series of hydroxypropionanilides of general structure I and II (R1,R2 = AB NO2, CF3, CN, or Cl; R3 = CF3 or CH3; R4 = H, Cl, F, NO2, CN, MeO, or MeS; X = S, SO, or SO2; and R = alkyl or heterocyclic derivs.) were prepared and tested for antiandrogen activity by their effects on accessory sex organs in rats. A series of compds. where R3 = CF3 generally exhibited partial androgen agonist activity, whereas those compds. where R3 = CH3 were pure antagonists. Optimization of the latter series of compds. led to novel, potent antiandrogens which were peripherally selective.

IT 90357-06-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation and antiandrogen activity of, structure in relation to)

RN90357-06-5 HCAPLUS

CN Propanamide, N-[4-cyano-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-3-[(4fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-2-hydroxy-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 598-31-2, Bromoacetone

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reaction of, with thiols)

RN 598-31-2 HCAPLUS

2-Propanone, 1-bromo- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

L41 ANSWER 13 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:150026 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 108:150026

TITLE: Resolution of the non-steroidal antiandrogen

4'-cyano-3-(4-fluorophenylsulfonyl)-2-hydroxy-2-methyl-

3'-(trifluoromethyl)propionanilide and the

determination of the absolute configuration of the

active enantiomer

AUTHOR(S): Tucker, Howard; Chesterson, Glynne J.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Pharm. Div., Imp. Chem. Ind. PLC,

Mereside/Macclesfield/Cheshire, SK10 4TG, UK

SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1988),

31(4), 885-7

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 108:150026

GI

AB The nonsteroidal antiandrogen 4'-cyano-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-2-hydroxy-2-methyl-3'-(trifluoromethyl)propionanilide (I) has been resolved by chromatog. separation of the diastereomeric (R)-camphanyl esters of the precursor thioether followed by hydrolysis and oxidation of the isolated enantiomers. In addition, an asym. synthesis of (S)-3-bromo-2-hydroxy-2-methylpropanoic acid and subsequent conversion into the (S)-sulfone has established that the more potent enantiomer of I has the R absolute configuration.

IT 113299-38-0P 113299-40-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and antiandrogen activity of)

RN 113299-38-0 HCAPLUS

CN Propanamide, N-[4-cyano-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-2-hydroxy-2-methyl-, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

RN 113299-40-4 HCAPLUS

CN Propanamide, N-[4-cyano-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-2-hydroxy-2-methyl-, (2R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

IT 106089-19-4P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and hydrolysis of)

RN 106089-19-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrrolo[2,1-c][1,4]oxazine-1,4(3H)-dione, 3-(bromomethyl)tetrahydro-3-methyl-, (3S,8aS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

IT 106089-20-7P

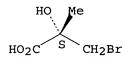
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation, chlorination, and amidation of)

106089-20-7 HCAPLUS RN

Propanoic acid, 3-bromo-2-hydroxy-2-methyl-, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



L41 ANSWER 14 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1984:454739 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

101:54739

TITLE:

Amide derivatives Tucker, Howard

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Imperial Chemical Industries PLC, UK

SOURCE:

Eur. Pat. Appl., 53 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.					KINI		DATE		API	PLICAT	ION NO	•	DATE			
EP 100172					A1		1984	0208	EP	1983-	 303998		19830708	<		
ΕP	10017	2			B1		1987	0812								
	R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	FR,	GB,	IT,	LI, LU	J, NL,	SE					
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ZA	83051	82			Α		1984	0530	z_{A}	1983-	5182		19830715	<		
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NO	16497	4			С		1990	1205								
ΑU	83169	37			A1		1984	0126	AU	1983-	16937		19830718	<		
ΑU	55632	8			B2		1986	1030								
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JP 59033250	A2	19840223	JP 1983-131085		19830720 <
JP 04032061	B4	19920528			
CA 1249823	A1	19890207	CA 1983-432811		19830720 <
ES 524392	A1	19851101	ES 1983-524392		19830722 <
ES 539614	A1	19860601	ES 1985-539614		19850116 <
ES 539615	A1	19860601	ES 1985-539615		19850116 <
ES 544189	A1	19860916	ES 1985-544189		19850614 <
JP 02131462	A2	19900521	JP 1989-230574		19890907 <
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			GB 1982-21421	Α	19820723
			EP 1983-303998	Α	19830708

GI

AB Antiandrogenic (no data) alkananilides including I [R = alkanoyl, halo, cyano, NO2, alkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, PhS, PhSO, PhSO2, etc.; R1 = H, alkyl, alkoxy, R; R2 = H, halo; R3 = H, alkyl; R4 = H, OH, alkoxy, acyloxy; R5 = alkyl, haloalkyl; R4R5 = CO2; R6 = (un)substituted alkyl, alkenyl, Ph, naphthyl, heterocyclyl; Z = bond, alkylene; Z1 = O, S, S(O), SO2, NR7; R7 = H, alkyl] (124 compds.) were prepared Thus, Me 2,3-epoxy-2-methylpropionate, prepared by epoxidn. of H2C:CMeCO2Me, was treated with NaH and PhSH to give PhSCH2CMe(OH)CO2Me. This was saponified to give the free acid which was treated with SOCl2 and 4,3-(NC)(F3C)C6H3NH2 to give 4,3-(NC)(F3C)C6H3NHCOCMe(OH)CH2SPh.

IT 58653-97-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and condensation of, with thiols)

Ι

RN 58653-97-7 HCAPLUS

CN Oxiranecarboxylic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 90357-06-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)

RN 90357-06-5 HCAPLUS

CN Propanamide, N-[4-cyano-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-3-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-2-hydroxy-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

=> => d stat que
L2 STR

X 7

2
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1 C

C

3

6 C

5 C

4

8 S

0

9

NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

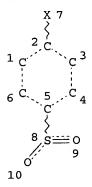
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NUMBER OF NODES IS 9

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

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L4 STR



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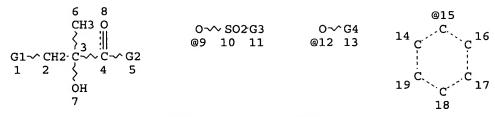
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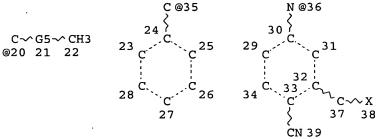
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STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L5 51757 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L3 SSS FUL L4
L9 STR





VAR G1=X/9
VAR G2=OH/12
VAR G3=OH/ME/ET/I-PR/N-PR/I-BU/N-BU/T-BU/S-BU/15
VAR G4=ME/ET/I-PR/N-PR/I-BU/N-BU/T-BU/S-BU/20/CB/35/36
REP G5=(3-4) C
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 39

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE L10 STR

VAR G2=OH/12

VAR G4=ME/ET/I-PR/N-PR/I-BU/N-BU/T-BU/S-BU/20/CB/35/36

REP G5 = (3-4) C

REP G6 = (0-3) A

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 30

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L11

G1-~ CH2-C-~ C 4 2

7 Ö~Ğ7

STR CH3 6 8

0-√ SO2G3 @9 10 11

VAR G1=X/9

VAR G3=OH/ME/ET/I-PR/N-PR/I-BU/N-BU/T-BU/S-BU/15

REP G7 = (2-7) A

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 17

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L12STR

6 CH2 G1~ CH2-C~ CH3

O-√ SO2·G3 @9 10 11

VAR G1=X/9

VAR G3=OH/ME/ET/I-PR/N-PR/I-BU/N-BU/T-BU/S-BU/15

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

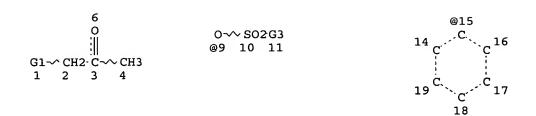
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 14

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L13

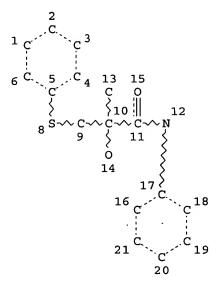
STR



VAR G1=X/9
VAR G3=OH/ME/ET/I-PR/N-PR/I-BU/N-BU/T-BU/S-BU/15
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 14

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE L17 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

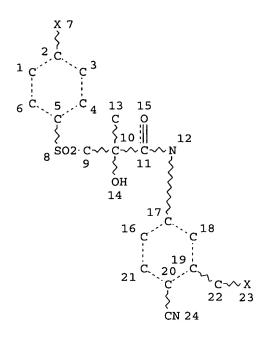
GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 20

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L20 1437 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L9 OR L10 OR L11 OR L12 OR L13

L22 210 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L17

L23 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 24

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L24	9	SEA	FILE=REGISTRY	Y SUB=L2	2 SSS FU	L L23
L25	484	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L24
L26	15691	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L5
L27	8894	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L20
L28	2	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L25 AND L26 AND L27
L32	89	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L26 AND L27
L36	27	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L24/P
L37	14	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L25 AND L26
L38	12	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L25 AND L27
L39	70	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L32 AND PD= <october 2002<="" 9,="" td=""></october>
L40	39	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L36 OR L37 OR L38
L41	14	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L40 AND PD= <october 2002<="" 9,="" td=""></october>
L42	70	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L39 NOT (L41 OR L28)
L45	3967	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L26 (L) REACTANT/RL
L46	6032	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L27 (L) REACTANT/RL
L47	32	SEA	FILE=HCAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(L45 AND L46) AND L42

=> d ibib abs hitstr 147 1-32

L47 ANSWER 1 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:796768 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:338037

TITLE: Herbicidal thiochroman and dihydrobenzothiophene-N, N-

disubstituted pyrazolinones .

AUTHOR(S): Anon.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

UK

SOURCE:

Research Disclosure (2002), 461 (Sept.),

P1676-P1692 (No. 461084)

CODEN: RSDSBB; ISSN: 0374-4353 Kenneth Mason Publications Ltd.

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal: Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

PATENT INFORMATION:

DAMENIM NO

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

RD 461084 20020910

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

RD 2002-461084

20020910

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 138:338037

AB Numerous N,N-disubstituted pyrazolinone compds., which were highly effective in controlling undesirable plant species, are disclosed. The methods for the control of undesirable plant species which could also be useful in the presence of an essential agronomic crop are presented.

IT 1458-98-6, 3-Bromo-2-methyl-1-propene 516500-85-9

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepns. of thiochroman and dihydrobenzothiophene-N,N-disubstituted pyrazolinone derivs. as herbicidal agents)

RN 1458-98-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propene, 3-bromo-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$^{\text{CH}_2}_{\parallel}$$

 $_{\text{H}_3\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{CH}_2-\text{Br}}$

RN 516500-85-9 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 4-[[3,4-dihydro-4-(methoxyimino)-5-methyl-1,1-dioxido-2H-1-benzothiopyran-6-yl]carbonyl]-1-ethyl-1H-pyrazol-5-yl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L47 ANSWER 2 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:594840 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:154858

TITLE:

Preparation of arylsulfonamidopiperidones as

inhibitors of Factor Xa.

INVENTOR(S):

Stein, Philip P.; O'Connor, Stephen P.; Lawrence, R.
Michael; Shi, Yan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Bristol-Myers Squibb Company, USA

PCT Int. Appl., 246 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.			
	A2 20020808	WO 2002-US2542	20020128 <		
W: AE, AG, AL, CO, CR, CU, GM, HR, HU, LS, LT, LU, PL, PT, RO, UA, UG, US, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, CY, DE, DK,	AM, AT, AU, AZ, CZ, DE, DK, DM, ID, IL, IN, IS, LV, MA, MD, MG, RU, SD, SE, SG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, LS, MW, MZ, SD, ES, FI, FR, GB,	BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR,	GB, GD, GE, GH, KZ, LC, LK, LR, NO, NZ, OM, PH, TN, TR, TT, TZ, KG, KZ, MD, RU, ZW, AT, BE, CH, NL, PT, SE, TR,		
		CA 2002-2436774			
		EP 2002-717381			
IE, SI, LT,	LV, FI, RO, MK,				
JP 2004518688	T2 20040624	JP 2002-561043	20020128		
US 6555542	B1 20030429	US 2002-59621			
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		US 2001-264964P			
		WO 2002-US2542	W 20020128		
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT 137:1548	58			

$$R^{1}SO_{2}N$$
 R^{2}
 R^{4}
 R^{5}
 R^{5}

GI

Title compds. [I; X = (substituted) (CH2)m; m = 1-3; R1 = (substituted) alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, etc.; R2, R3 = H, (substituted) alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, etc.; R4, R41, R5, R51 = H, OH, (substituted) alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, alkoxy, etc.; R6, R61 = H, (substituted) alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, etc.; R7, R8 = (substituted) (CH2)nH; n = 1-4; R7R8N = (substituted) cycloheteroalkyl], were prepared as cardiovascular agents (no data). 974 I, including (II), were prepared 445271-15-8P 445274-86-2P 445277-69-0P 445278-08-0P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU

(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of arylsulfonamidopiperidones as inhibitors of Factor Xa) RN 445271-15-8 HCAPLUS

Pyrrolidine, 1-[[3-[[(4-bromophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]-2-oxo-1-piperidinyl]acetyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CN

RN 445274-86-2 HCAPLUS

CN Pyrrolidine, 1-[[(3S)-3-[[(4-bromophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]-2-oxo-1-piperidinyl]acetyl]-2-(1-pyrrolidinylmethyl)-, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 445277-69-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Pyrrolidinemethanamine, N-[(4-chlorophenyl)sulfonyl]-1-[[(3S)-3-[[[(1E)-2-(5-chloro-2-thienyl)ethenyl]sulfonyl]amino]-2-oxo-1-piperidinyl]acetyl]-, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 445278-08-0 HCAPLUS
CN 2-Pyrrolidinemethanamine, N-[(4-chlorophenyl)sulfonyl]-1-[[(3S)-3-[[[(1E)-2-(5-chloro-2-thienyl)ethenyl]sulfonyl]amino]-2-oxo-1-piperidinyl]acetyl], (2R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

TROW TRUE TO THE TENT THE

RN 445274-86-2 HCAPLUS
CN Pyrrolidine, 1-[[(3S)-3-[[(4-bromophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]-2-oxo-1piperidinyl]acetyl]-2-(1-pyrrolidinylmethyl)-, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L47 ANSWER 3 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:575041 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:140338

TITLE:

Preparation of aminoethanol derivatives as cholesteryl

ester transfer protein inhibitors for treatment of

hyperlipidemia, etc.

INVENTOR(S):

Kori, Masakuni; Hamamura, Kazumasa; Fuse, Hiromitsu;

Yamamoto, Toshihiro

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 748 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE			
WO 2002059077	A1 20020801	WO 2002-JP532				
W: AE, AG, AL,	AM, AT, AU, AZ,	BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, B2	Z, CA, CH, CN,			
CO, CR, CU,	CZ, DE, DK, DM,	DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GE	B, GD, GE, GH,			
		JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LO				
		MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, N2				
PT, RO, RU,	SD, SE, SG, SI,	SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TI	R, TT, TZ, UA,			
UG, US, UZ,	VN, YU, ZA, ZM,	ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, K	Z, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW: GH, GM, KE,	LS, MW, MZ, SD,	SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZV	W, AT, BE, CH,			
CY, DE, DK,	ES, FI, FR, GB,	GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NI	L, PT, SE, TR,			
BF, BJ, CF,	CG, CI, CM, GA,	GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NI	E, SN, TD, TG			
JP 2002293764	A2 20021009	JP 2002-17487	20020125 <			
EP 1362846	A1 20031119	EP 2002-710345	20020125			
R: AT, BE, CH,	DE, DK, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NI	L, SE, MC, PT,			
	LV, FI, RO, MK,					
		US 2003-470351	20030725			
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		JP 2001-19280	A 20010126			
		WO 2002-JP532	W 20020125			

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 137:140338

AB The title compds. Ar1CH(OR'')CH(CH2Ar2)NR'R [Ar1 represents an optionally substituted aromatic ring group; Ar2 represents a substituted aromatic ring group; OR'' represents optionally protected hydroxy; R represents acyl; and R' represents hydrogen or optionally substituted hydrocarbyl] are prepared Compds. of this invention in vitro showed IC50 values of 0.0084 μM to 0.4 μM against cholesteryl ester transfer protein. A process for preparing the title compds. is claimed.

IT 444912-33-8P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study);

PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of aminoethanol derivs. as cholesteryl ester transfer protein inhibitors for treatment of hyperlipidemia)

RN 444912-33-8 HCAPLUS

CN

Benzenesulfonamide, 4-fluoro-N-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-hydroxy-1-[[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 78-95-5, Chloroacetone

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation of aminoethanol derivs. as cholesteryl ester transfer protein

inhibitors for treatment of hyperlipidemia)

RN 78-95-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propanone, 1-chloro- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 444913-21-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

8

(preparation of aminoethanol derivs. as cholesteryl ester transfer protein inhibitors for treatment of hyperlipidemia)

RN 444913-21-7 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-fluoro-N-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-oxo-1-[[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L47 ANSWER 4 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:772163 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:318510

TITLE: Preparation of arylpyridazinones as prostaglandin

endoperoxide H synthase biosynthesis inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): Black, Lawrence A.; Basha, Anwer; Kolasa, Teodozyj;

Kort, Michael E.; Liu, Huaqing; McCarty, Catherine M.;
Patel, Meena; Rohde, Jeffrey J.; Coghlan, Michael J.;

Stewart, Andrew O.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Abbott Laboratories, USA

SOURCE: U.S., 129 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 261,872,

abandoned.
CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3

PATENT INFORMATION:

	TENT NO.		D DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
		В1		US 1999-427768			
	200000478	Т2	20020422	TR 2000-200000478			
CA	2347982	AA	20000504	CA 1999-2347982	19991027 <		
WO	2000024719	A1	20000504	CA 1999-2347982 WO 1999-US25234	19991027 <		
				BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CI			
				GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HI			
				KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, L			
				NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SI			
				UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA			
			RU, TJ, TM	011, 00, 02, VN, 10, 21	1, 2m, 111, A2,		
	-			SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BI	E CH CV DE		
				IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SI			
				MR, NE, SN, TD, TG	3, 21, 20, 61,		
ΔIJ	9965230	A1		AU 1999-65230	19991027 <		
	773237	B2			10001		
		A1		EP 1999-953259	19991027 <		
				GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NI			
		LT, LV,		22, 23, 22, 22, 20, 33	_,,,,		
BR	9914858	A	· ·	BR 1999-14858	19991027 <		
TR	200101765	Т2	20020221	TR 2001-200101765	19991027 <		
JP	2003512292	Т2	20030402		19991027		
ZA	2001003310	Α	20020723	ZA 2001-3310	20010423 <		
NO	2001002061	A	20010627	NO 2001-2061	20010426 <		
BG	105523	7	20011221		20010519 <		
US	2002013318	A1	20020131	05 2001-0/1195	700T033T <		
US	2002028938	A1	20020307	US 2001-870838	20010531 <		
US	2003225276	A1	20031204	US 2003-417959	20030417		
US	2004158064	A1	20040812	US 2003-464928	20030619		
PRIORIT	APPLN. INFO	.:		US 1997-56733P	P 19970822		
•	•			· US 1998-129570	B2 19980805		
				US 1998-137457	B2 19980820		
				US 1998-179605	B2 19981027·		
	•			US 1999-261872	B2 19990303		
				US 1997-917023	A 19970822		
				US 1999-298490	A 19990423		
				US 1999-427768	A 19991027		
				WO 1999-US25234	W 19991027		
				US 2001-870838	B3 20010531		
				•			

US 2001-871195 B3 20010531

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 135:318510

GΙ

$$R^3$$
 N
 R
 R^2
 X
 R^1
 X

The title compds. [I; X = O, S, NR4, etc.; R4 = alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, etc.; R = H, alkyl, alkenyl, etc.; at least one of R1-R3 = II-III (wherein X1 = SO2, SO(NR10), SO, etc.; R9 = alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, etc.; X2 = H, halo, alkyl, etc.; R10 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl); the remaining two of the groups of R1-R3 = H, OH, hydroxyalkyl, etc.] which are cyclooxygenase (COX) inhibitors, and in particular, are selective inhibitors of cyclooxygenase-2 (COX-2), and therefore are useful in treating pain, fever, inflammation, rheumatoid arthritis, and osteoarthritis, were prepared Thus, oxidation of

2-benzyl-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-

[4-(methylthio)phenyl]-3(2H)-pyridazinone (preparation given) with MeCO3H in CH2Cl2 afforded 86% I [X = 0; R = PhCH2; R1 = 4-FC6H4; R2 = 4-(MeSO2)C6H4; R3 = H], which showed IC50 of 0.014 μM against COX-2. COX-2 is the inducible isoform associated with inflammation, as opposed to the constitutive isoform, cyclooxygenase-1 (COX-1) which is an important "housekeeping" enzyme in many tissues, including the gastrointestinal (GI) tract and the kidneys. The selectivity of the compds. I for COX-2 minimizes the unwanted GI and renal side-effects seen with currently marketed non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs).

IT 563-47-3, 3-Chloro-2-methylpropene 701-34-8,

4-Aminosulfonyl-1-bromobenzene

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reactant; preparation of arylpyridazinones as prostaglandin endoperoxide H
 synthase biosynthesis inhibitors)

RN 563-47-3 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propene, 3-chloro-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 701-34-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-bromo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L47 ANSWER 5 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:265252 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:295810

TITLE: Synthesis and use of substituted pyrrolidin-1-yl

hexanoic acid derivatives as $\alpha \nu \beta 3$ and

ανβ5 integrin receptors

INVENTOR(S): Askew, Ben C.; Smith, Garry R.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck & Co., Inc., USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 141 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.				
WO 2001024797	A1 20010412	WO 2000-US27033				
W: AE, AG, AL,	AM, AT, AU, AZ,	BA, BB, BG, BR, BY,	BZ, CA, CH, CN,			
	•	EE, ES, FI, GB, GD,				
		KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK,				
		MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG,				
	AZ, BY, KG, KZ,		05, 02, VN, 10,			
		SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW,	AT, BE, CH, CY,			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,				
CF, CG, CI,	CM, GA, GN, GW,	ML, MR, NE, SN, TD,	TG .			
CA 2386030	AA 20010412	CA 2000-2386030	20000929 <			
		EP 2000-967201				
		GB, GR, IT, LI, LU,	NL, SE, MC, PT,			
•	LV, FI, RO, MK,	•				
		JP 2001-527796				
	B1 20020702	US 2000-677677				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		US 1999-157490P				
OMILER GOLDON (a)	WARRAM 124 0050	WO 2000-US27033	W 20000929			
OTHER SOURCE(S): GI	MARPAT 134:2958	10				

$$W_{\gamma}$$
 Z R^4 R^5 0 R^8 R^6 R^7 I

Compds. of formula I [wherein; W is a 5 or 6 membered monocyclic (aromatic) AB ring having 1-4 heteroatoms (N, O or S) wherein the ring nitrogen atoms are unsubstituted or substituted with 1 or 2 R1 groups, or a 9-14 membered polycyclic ring system, wherein the polycyclic ring system has 1-4 heteroatoms (N, O or S) in which the N atoms are substituted as described above; Y is (CH2)m, (CH2)m-(O, NR2 or S(O)0-2)-(CH2)n, etc., where any CH2 can be substituted with 1 or 2 R3 groups, m is 0-3 and n is 0-3; Z is a 5-6 membered heterocyclic system having 1-3 heteroatoms (N, O or S) optionally substituted with one or more R9 group and when 2 R9 substituents are on the same C-atom, they are taken together to form a C3-C6 cycloalkyl group; R1 is H, halo, (cyclo)alkyl, cycloheteroalkyl, aryl(alkyl), amino(alkyl), etc.; R2 is H, alkyl, aryl(alkyl), aminocarbonyl, cycloalkyl, aminoalkyl, etc.; R3 is H, alkyl, aryl(alkyl), halo, OH, oxo, CF3, etc.; R4 and R5 are H, alkyl, aryl(alkyl), halo, OH, alkylcarbonylamino, etc. or taken together the C-atom to form a CO; R6 and R7 are H, alkyl, aryl(alkyl), halo, OH, etc.; R8 is H, alkyl, aryl(alkyl), alkylcarbonyloxyalkyl, etc.; R9 is H, alkyl, aryl, halo, OH, etc.;]. Several examples of I are provided. For instance II was synthesized in 14 steps as a single enantiomer. Compds. I are antagonists of the integrin receptors $\alpha\nu\beta3$ and/or $\alpha\nu\beta5$. Compds. I were found to bind to human $\alpha \nu \beta 3$ integrin with IC50 values less than 10 nM and to the $\alpha\nu\beta5$ integrin receptor with IC50 values less than 100 nM in competitive binding assays. A bone resorption-pit assay demonstrated the ability of compds. I to inhibit osteoclasts (bovine bone slices). Claimed uses for I are for inhibiting bone resorption, treating and preventing osteoporosis, inhibiting vascular restenosis, diabetic retinopathy, macular degeneration, angiogenesis, atherosclerosis, inflammatory arthritis, cancer, and metastatic tumor growth.

IT 204452-42-6P 312263-47-1P

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (preparation and use of substituted pyrrolidin-1-yl hexanoic acid derivs. as $\alpha\nu\beta3$ and $\alpha\nu\beta5$ integrin receptor antagonists)

RN 204452-42-6 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, 3-[[4-[2-(6-amino-2-pyridinyl)ethyl]benzoyl]amino]-N-[[4-(iodo-

125I) phenyl] sulfonyl] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 312263-47-1 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, N-[[4-(iodo-125I)phenyl]sulfonyl]-3-[[4-[2-(1,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl)ethyl]benzoyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 1458-98-6, 3-Bromo-2-methylpropene

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and use of substituted pyrrolidin-1-yl hexanoic acid derivs. as $\alpha\nu\beta3$ and $\alpha\nu\beta5$ integrin receptor

antagonists)

RN 1458-98-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propene, 3-bromo-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 204452-34-6P 204452-35-7P 204452-36-8P 204452-39-1P 204452-40-4P 312263-44-8P

312263-45-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and use of substituted pyrrolidin-1-yl hexanoic acid derivs. as $\alpha\nu\beta3$ and $\alpha\nu\beta5$ integrin receptor

antagonists)

RN 204452-34-6 HCAPLUS

CN L-Asparagine, N2-[(4-iodophenyl)sulfonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 204452-35-7 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, 3-amino-N-[(4-iodophenyl)sulfonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 204452-36-8 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, 3-amino-N-[(4-iodophenyl)sulfonyl]-, ethyl ester, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

● HCl

RN 204452-39-1 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, 3-[[4-[2-(6-amino-2-pyridinyl)ethyl]benzoyl]amino]-N-[(4-iodophenyl)sulfonyl]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 204452-40-4 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, 3-[[4-[2-(6-amino-2-pyridinyl)ethyl]benzoyl]amino]-N-[(4-iodophenyl)sulfonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 312263-44-8 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, N-[(4-iodophenyl)sulfonyl]-3-[[4-[2-(1,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl)ethyl]benzoyl]amino]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 312263-45-9 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, N-[(4-iodophenyl)sulfonyl]-3-[[4-[2-(1,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl)ethyl]benzoyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L47 ANSWER 6 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:911080 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:56581

TITLE: Preparation of piperidinealkanoates as αν

integrin antagonists

INVENTOR(S): Duggan, Mark E.; Hartman, George D.; Perkins, James

J.; Ihle, Nathan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck & Co., Inc., USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 100 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT N	Ο.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
WO 20000	78317	A1	20001228	WO 2000-US16849	20000619 <		
₩:	AE, AG,	L, AM,	AT, AU, AZ,	BA, BB, BG, BR, BY,	BZ, CA, CH, CN,		
	CR, CU,	Z, DE,	DK, DM, DZ,	EE, ES, FI, GB, GD,	GE, GH, GM, HR,		
	HU, ID,	L, IN,	IS, JP, KE,	KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK,	LR, LS, LT, LU,		
	LV, MA, I	D, MG,	MK, MN, MW,	MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL,	PT, RO, RU, SD,		
	SE, SG,	I, SK,	SL, TJ, TM,	TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG,	US, UZ, VN, YU,		
				MD, RU, TJ, TM			
				SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW,	AT, BE, CH, CY,		
	DE, DK,	S, FI,	FR, GB, GR,	IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,	PT, SE, BF, BJ,		
				ML, MR, NE, SN, TD,			
CA 23760	77	AA	20001228	CA 2000-2376077	20000619 <		
EP 11941	51	A1	20020410	EP 2000-942941	20000619 <		
R:	AT, BE,	H, DE,	DK, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU,	NL, SE, MC, PT,		
	IE, SI;						
				AU 2000-57490	20000619 <		
			20030121				
US 63589	70	B1	20020319	US 2000-599088	20000621 <		
PRIORITY APPL	N. INFO.			US 1999-140535P	P 19990623		
				WO 2000-US16849	W 20000619		
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARP	PAT 134:5658	1			

Ι

XYZCODECO2R5 [D = cycloalkylene, heterocyclylene, (hetero)arylene, etc.; E AB = bond, [(hetero)arylene- or heteroatom-interrupted or -terminated] alkylene, etc.; R5 = H, (ar)alkyl, aryl, etc.; X = (un)substituted amidino, -ureido, -heterocyclyl, -heteroaryl, etc.; Y = [(hetero)aryleneor heteroatom-interrupted or -terminated] alkylene; Z = n,1-azacycloalkylene; n = 2-7] were prepared as integrin receptor antagonists (no data). Thus, 3-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro[1,8]naphthyridine-2ylmethyl)pyrrolidine was condensed with Et piperidine-4-acetate hydrochloride (preparation each given) and COC12 to give title compound I. 1458-98-6, 2-Bromomethylpropene IT RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of piperidinealkanoates as αv integrin antagonists)

RN 1458-98-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propene, 3-bromo-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CN

IT 204452-34-6P 204452-35-7P 204452-36-8P 204452-39-1P 204452-40-4P 312263-44-8P 312263-45-9P RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation of piperidinealkanoates as αv integrin antagonists) RN204452-34-6 HCAPLUS

L-Asparagine, N2-[(4-iodophenyl)sulfonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 204452-35-7 HCAPLUS CN L-Alanine, 3-amino-N-[(4-iodophenyl)sulfonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 204452-36-8 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, 3-amino-N-[(4-iodophenyl)sulfonyl]-, ethyl ester, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

● HCl

RN 204452-39-1 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, 3-[[4-[2-(6-amino-2-pyridinyl)ethyl]benzoyl]amino]-N-[(4-iodophenyl)sulfonyl]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 204452-40-4 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, 3-[[4-[2-(6-amino-2-pyridinyl)ethyl]benzoyl]amino]-N-[(4-iodophenyl)sulfonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 312263-44-8 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, N-[(4-iodophenyl)sulfonyl]-3-[[4-[2-(1,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl)ethyl]benzoyl]amino]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 312263-45-9 HCAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, N-[(4-iodophenyl)sulfonyl]-3-[[4-[2-(1,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl)ethyl]benzoyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L47 ANSWER 7 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:725459 HCAPLUS

7

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

133:296373

TITLE:

Preparation of 3-phenyl-4-

(heterocyclylmethyl)pyrrolidine modulators of

chemokine receptor activity

INVENTOR(S):

Caldwell, Charles; Chapman, Kevin; Hale, Jeffrey; Kim, Dooseop; Lynch, Christopher; Maccoss, Malcolm; Mills, Sander G.; Willoughby, Christopher; Berk, Scott; Kim,

Ronald M.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Merck and Co., Inc., USA PCT Int. Appl., 202 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATI	PATENT NO.					KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.					DATE			
						-											
WO 2	2000	0594	98		A1 20001012			WO 2000-US9074					20000405 <				
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CR,
		CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,
		ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,
		MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,
		SI,	SK,	SL,	TJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZW,
		AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM							
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	ŪĠ,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,
		DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,
		CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG				
US 6498161					В1		2002	1224	US 2000-543019					20000404			
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:									•	US 1	999-	1281	72P		P 1	9990	406
OTHER SO	OTHER SOURCE(S):				MARPAT 133:2963			73									
GI																	

AB The title compds. (I) [wherein R1 = CO2H, NO2, tetrazolyl, hydroxyisoxazole, SO2NH(alkyl)R9, or PO3H2; R9 = H, (cyclo)alkyl, benzyl, or (un) substituted phenyl; R2 = (un) substituted piperidinyl, tetrahydropyridinyl, piperazinyl, or 1-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decyl; R3 = (un) substituted Ph or heterocyclyl; R4 = H or (un) substituted alkyl, (alkyl)cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, Ph, alkylphenyl, naphthyl, biphenyl, heterocyclyl, cyclohexenyl, etc.; R5 and R6 = independently H or (un) substituted alkyl; or R4 and R5 may be joined together to form an (un) substituted C3-8 cycloalkyl ring; n = 1-3] were prepared as modulators of chemokine receptors, especially the chemokine receptors CCR-5 and/or CCR-3. For example, 2-(R)-((3-(R)-formyl)-4-(S)-3-fluorophenylpyrrolidinyl-1-yl)-3-cyclobutanepropionic acid benzyl ester (preparation given) was treated with Pd/C and dissolved in ClCH2CH2Cl. 4-[N-(pyrimid-2-yl)-N-(prop-1yl)amino]piperidine+HCl (4-step preparation given), NaBH(OAc)3, and TEA were added, followed by di-tert-butyldicarbonate, to give II. I showed binding activity to the CCR-5 or the CCR-3 receptor, generally with IC50 values of < 1 μ M. The present invention is directed to compds. which inhibit the entry of human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) into target cells and are of value in the prevention and treatment of HIV infection and the resulting AIDS syndrome (no data). The invention is further directed to compds. which are useful in the prevention or treatment of certain inflammatory and immunoregulatory disorders, including asthma, allergic rhinitis, dermatitis, conjunctivitis, rheumatoid arthritis, and atherosclerosis (no data).

IT 301224-91-9P 301224-98-6P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of 3-phenyl-4-(heterocyclylmethyl)pyrrolidine chemokine receptor modulators by reaction of 3-phenyl-4-formylpyrrolidines with heterocycles)

RN 301224-91-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Pyrrolidineacetic acid, α -(cyclopropylmethyl)-3-(3-fluorophenyl)-4-[[4-[[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]methyl]-1-piperidinyl]methyl]-, $(\alpha R, 3S, 4S)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 301224-98-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Pyrrolidineacetic acid, α-(cyclopropylmethyl)-3-(3-fluorophenyl)-4[[4-[[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]methyl]-1-piperidinyl]methyl]-,
(αR,3S,4S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 598-31-2, Bromoacetone

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation of 3-phenyl-4-(heterocyclylmethyl)pyrrolidine chemokine
receptor modulators by reaction of 3-phenyl-4-formylpyrrolidines with
heterocycles)

RN 598-31-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propanone, 1-bromo- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 301226-37-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation of 3-phenyl-4-(heterocyclylmethyl)pyrrolidine chemokine receptor modulators by reaction of 3-phenyl-4-formylpyrrolidines with heterocycles)

RN 301226-37-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Piperidinecarboxylic acid, 4-[[[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]methyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L47 ANSWER 8 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:291005 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

132:321867

TITLE:

Preparation of arylpyridazinones as prostaglandin endoperoxide H synthase biosynthesis inhibitors Black, Lawrence A.; Basha, Anwer; Kolasa, Teodozyj;

INVENTOR(S):

Black, Lawrence A.; Basha, Anwer; Kolasa, Teodozyj;

Kort, Michael E.; Liu, Huaqing; Mccarty, Catherine M.;

Patel, Meena V.; Rohde, Jeffrey J.; Coghlan, Michael

J.; Stewart, Andrew O.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Abbott Laboratories, USA PCT Int. Appl., 477 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA'	PATENT NO.				KIN	D	DATE		APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
							2000									9991	027	<
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	•						, KP,											
		MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW	, MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	
							, TT,											
		BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU	, TJ,	TM										
	Æ₩:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW	, SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,	
		DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB	, GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	
		CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN	, GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG					
CA	2347	982			AA		2000	0504	-	CA 1	999-	2347	982		1	9991	027	<
AU	9965	230			A1		2000	0515		AU 1	999-	6523	0		1	9991	027	<
							2004											
EP	1124	804			A1		2001	0822	:	EP 1	999-	9532	59		1	9991	027	<
	R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK	, ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
		ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI	, RO											
US	6307	047			B1		2001	1023								9991	027	<
BR	9914 2003	858			Α		2002	0205]	BR 1	999-	1485	8		1	9991	027	<
JP	2003	5122	92		T2		2003									9991		
ZA	2001	0033	10		Α		2002	0723										
NO	2001	0020	61		Α		2001	0627]	NO 2	001-	2061			2	0010	426	<
BG	1055	23			Α		2001	1231]	BG 2	001-	1055	23		2	0010	519	<
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:					1	US 1	998-	1796	05		A 1	9981	027	
													72		A 1	9990	303	
									ī	JS 1	999-:	2984	90		A 1	9990	423	
									1	JS 1	999-	4277	68		A 1	9991	027	
																9970		
									1	JS 1	998-	1295	70		B2 1	9980	805	
									1	JS 1	998-	1374	57		B2 1	9980	820	
									1	WO 1	999-1	US25	234		W 1	9991	027	
OTHER SO	DURCE	(s):			MARI	ТДС	132 :	32186	67									

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 132:321867

GI

$$R^3$$
 N
 N
 R
 R^2
 X
 R^1
 I

The title compds. [I; X = O, S, NR4, etc.; R4 = alkyl, alkenyl, AB cycloalkyl, etc.; R = H, alkyl, alkenyl, etc.; at least one of R1-R3 = II-III (wherein X1 = SO2, SO(NR10), SO, etc.; R9 = alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, etc.; X2 = H, halo, alkyl, etc.; R10 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl); the remaining two of the groups of R1-R3 = H, OH, hydroxyalkyl, etc.] which are cyclooxygenase (COX) inhibitors, and in particular, are selective inhibitors of cyclooxygenase-2 (COX-2), and therefore are useful in treating pain, fever, inflammation, rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis, adhesions, and cancer, were prepared Thus, oxidation of 2-benzyl-4-(4fluorophenyl)-5-[4-(methylthio)phenyl]-3(2H)-pyridazinone (preparation given) with MeCO3H in CH2Cl2 afforded 86% I [X = O; R = PhCH2; R1 = 4-FC6H4; R2 = 4-(MeSO2)C6H4; R3 = H], which showed 0.014 μ M against COX-2. COX-2 is the inducible isoform associated with inflammation, as opposed to the constitutive isoform, cyclooxygenase-1 (COX-1) which is an important "housekeeping" enzyme in many tissues, including the gastrointestinal (GI) tract and the kidneys. The selectivity of the compds. I for COX-2 minimizes the unwanted GI and renal side-effects seen with currently marketed non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs).

IT 563-47-3, 3-Chloro-2-methylpropene 701-34-8,

4-Aminosulfonyl-1-bromobenzene

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reactant; preparation of arylpyridazinones as prostaglandin endoperoxide H synthase biosynthesis inhibitors)

RN 563-47-3 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propene, 3-chloro-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 701-34-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-bromo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L47 ANSWER 9 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:795808 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:35714

TITLE: Preparation of heterocyclyl sulfonylbenzene compounds

as anti-inflammatory/analgesic agents.

INVENTOR(S):
Ando, Kazuo; Kato, Tomoki; Kawai, Akiyoshi; Nonomura,

Tomomi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pfizer Pharmaceuticals Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 236 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	PATENT NO.			KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.										
																9990	 531 <
	W:	AL,	AM,	AT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CU,	CZ,	DE,
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		ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,
		NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,
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	RW:	GH,	GM,	KΕ,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	UG,	ZW,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,	DK,
		ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,
							ML,										
AU	9938	414			A1		1999	1230	1	AU 1	999-	3841	4		1	9990!	531 <
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EP	1086	097			B1		2004	0519									
																	IE, FI
JP	2002	5174	96		T2		2002	0618	Ü	JP 2	000-	5534	24		1	9990!	531 <
AT	2671	96			E		2004	0615	1	AT 1:	999-	9210	43		1	9990!	531 < 531
PT	1086	097			\mathbf{T}												
	2220				Т3		2004										
																	610 <
	6294				В1		2001	0925									215 <
US	2002	0456					2002	0418	τ	JS 2	001-	8413	48		2	0010	424 <
	6608				B2		2003										
	2003						2003			JS 2	003-	4657	67		2	0030	618
	6727				B2		2004										
	2004				A1		2004	0812									
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:												9980	
										-					-	9990	
													49			9991	
													48			00104	
									τ	JS 20	003-	4657	67	1	A3 2	0030	618

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 132:35714

GI

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
0 & R^3 & R^4 \\
R^2 - S & A & R^5 \\
0 & R^6 & R^5 & R^7 & R^1
\end{array}$$

$$_{\rm F_3C}$$
 $_{\rm S}$ $_{\rm II}$

This invention provides a compound of formula (I) or its pharmaceutically AB acceptable salt thereof [wherein A is partially unsatd. or unsatd. five membered heterocyclic, or partially unsatd. or unsatd. five membered carbocyclic, wherein the 4-(sulfonyl)phenyl and the 4-substituted Ph in formula I are attached to ring atoms of Ring A, which are adjacent to each other; R1 is optionally substituted aryl or heteroaryl, with the proviso that when A is pyrazole, R1 is heteroaryl; R2 is C1-4 alkyl, halo-substituted C1-4 alkyl, C1-4 alkylamino, C1-4 dialkylamino or amino; R3, R4 and R5 are independently hydrogen, halo, C1-4 alkyl, halo-substituted C1-4 alkyl or the like; or two of R3, R4 and R5 are taken together with atoms to which they are attached and form a 4-7 membered ring; R6 and R7 are independently hydrogen, halo, C1-4 alkyl, halo-substituted C1-4 alkyl, C1-4 alkoxy, C1-4 alkylthio, C1-4 alkylamino or N,N-di C1-4 alkylamino; and m and n are independently 1, 2, 3 or 4]. This invention also provides a pharmaceutical composition useful for the treatment of a medical condition in which prostaglandins are implicated as pathogens. This invention relates to compound and pharmaceutical compns. for the treatment of cyclooxygenase mediated diseases. These compds. inhibit the biosynthesis of prostaglandins by intervention of the action of the enzyme cyclooxygenase on arachidonic acid, and are therefore useful in the treatment or alleviation of inflammation and other inflammation associated disorders, such as arthritis, in mammals (no data). Thus, To a stirred solution of 1-[4-(Methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-5-(4-bromophenyl)-3trifluoromethyl-1H-pyrazole (0.27 g) in DME (8 mL) was added 3-thiophenboronic acid (0.09 g), bis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(II)chlor ide (0.05 g) and saturated NaHCO3 solution (2 mL) at room temperature under nitrogen.

The mixture was heated at reflux temperature for 16 h, and cooled down to room temperature to give, after purification by flash chromatog. eluting with Et acetate/hexane (1/1), 1-[4-(Methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-5-[4-(2-thienyl)phenyl]-3-trifluoromethyl-1H-pyrazole (II) in 64 % yield.

IT 598-31-2, Bromoacetone

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation of heterocyclyl sulfonylbenzene compds. as cyclooxygenase inhibitors, prostaglandin biosynthesis inhibitors, anti-inflammatory, and analgesic agents)

RN 598-31-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propanone, 1-bromo- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{matrix} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{H}_3\text{C--C-CH}_2\text{--Br} \end{matrix}$$

(preparation of heterocyclyl sulfonylbenzene compds. as cyclooxygenase inhibitors, prostaglandin biosynthesis inhibitors, anti-inflammatory, and analgesic agents)

RN 108966-71-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 3,4-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 146533-46-2 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 3-chloro-4-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 252562-59-7 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 2-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-5-methyl-4-isoxazolyl]-4-fluoro-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

16 THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L47 ANSWER 10 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999:753211 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

132:3319

TITLE:

Preparation of novel 4-phenylpiperidines for the

treatment of pruritic dermatoses

INVENTOR(S):

Armer, Richard Edward; Dutton, Christopher James; Gethin, David Morris; Gibson, Stephen Paul; Smith,

Julian Duncan; Tommasini, Ivan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Pfizer Inc., USA; Pfizer Limited

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 171 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	PATENT NO.					KIND DATE				APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
WO	9959	 971			A1	-	1999	1125	,	WO 1	 999-	 IB88	 6		1:	9990	 517 <		
																	DE,		
																	KE,		
		-	-														MW,		
																	TR,		
																	RU,		
			TM		•														
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	UG,	ZW,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,	DK,		
																	CG,		
		CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG							
CA	2332	538			AA		1999	1125		CA 1	999-	2332	538		1	9990	517 <		
	2332							1125											
	9935																517 <		
ZA	9903	364			Α		2000	1201		ZA 1	999-	3364			1	9990	517 <		
BR	9910	609															517 <		
EP	1077	940			A1		2001	0228	EP 1999-917038						19990517 <				
	1077							0714											
																	IE, FI		
JP	2002	5154	86		T2		2002	0528		JP 2	000-	5495	90		1	9990	517 <		
	2710	38			Ē		2004	0715		AT 1	999-	9170	38		1	9990	517		
	2230																		
US	2003	0782	82		A1		2003	0424		US 2	000-	6462	55		2	0000	511		
US	6610	711			B2		2003	0826											
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	. :											A 1				
										WO 1	999-	IB88	6		W 1	9990	517		
OTHER S	OURCE	(S):			MAR	PAT	132:	3319											

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \end{bmatrix}_{n}$$
 $\begin{bmatrix} y^2 \\ N - w - y^1 \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} R^1 \\ R^2 \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} R^3 \\ N \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} O \end{bmatrix}_{V}$ $\begin{bmatrix} I \\ I \end{bmatrix}$

The title compds. [I; R1, R2 = H, alkyl; R3 = alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl; W = SO2, CO, P(Y1):O, P(Y1):S; X = H, halo, alkyl, etc.; Y1 = alkyl, NH2, aryl, etc.; Y2 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, etc.; n = 0-2; yr = 0-1] and their pharmaceutically and veterinarily acceptable salts, useful for having utility in the treatment of pruritic dermatoses including allergic dermatitis and atopy in animals and humans, were prepared and formulated. E.g., synthesis of trans-3,4-dimethylpiperidine II which was found to display anti-pruritic activity when tested for its ability to inhibit the hind leg scratching behavior induced in male Wistar rats by the administration of the known pruritogenic agent, was given.

II

IT 250730-87-1P

GI

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of novel 4-phenylpiperidines for the treatment of pruritic dermatoses)

RN 250730-87-1 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-chloro-N-[3-[(3R,4R)-1-hexyl-3,4-dimethyl-4-piperidinyl]phenyl]-, rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Me} & \text{Cl} \\ \text{Me} & \text{S} \\ \text{Me} & \text{N} \\ \text{Me} & \text{O} \\ \text{O} & \text{O} \end{array}$$

IT 1458-98-6 172376-41-9

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of novel 4-phenylpiperidines for the treatment of pruritic dermatoses)

RN 1458-98-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propene, 3-bromo-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 172376-41-9 HCAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

IT 32376-91-3P 93719-30-3P 250732-61-7P

250732-63-9P 250732-66-2P 250732-67-3P

250732-69-5P 250732-71-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of novel 4-phenylpiperidines for the treatment of pruritic dermatoses)

RN 32376-91-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-(3-methoxyphenyl)ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 93719-30-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 3-cyclopentylpropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 250732-61-7 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-(4,4-dimethylcyclohexyl)ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & \\ \parallel & \\ S - O - CH_2 - CH_2 \end{array}$$

RN 250732-63-9 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-(cyclohexyloxy)ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 250732-66-2 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 250732-67-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-(1-naphthalenyl)ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 250732-69-5 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-tricyclo[3.3.1.13,7]dec-1-ylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 250732-71-9 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 3-cyclohexyl-3-oxopropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: 4 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L47 ANSWER 11 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:244638 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:311813

Preparation of piperazinylisoquinolines and analogs as TITLE:

serotonin antagonists

Ueno, Kohshi; Sasaki, Atsushi; Kawano, Koki; Okabe, INVENTOR (S):

Tadashi; Kitazawa, Noritaka; Takahashi, Keiko;

Yamamoto, Noboru; Suzuki, Yuichi; Matsunaga, Manabu;

Kubota, Atsuhiko

Eisai Co., Ltd., Japan PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 740 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

OTHER SOURCE(S):

	PA.	rent	NO.			KIN	D	DATE		AP:	PLICA	MOITA	NO.		D	ATE		
	WO	9918 W:	•			A1	-	1999	0415	WO	1998	3-JP44	65		1	9981	002	<
					CH,	CY,	DE	, DK,	ES,	FI, F	R, GI	B, GR,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	•
	JР	2000	0536	47		A2		2000	0222	JP	1998	3-2817	752		1	9981	002	<
		1020								EP								
										GB, G								
			IE,		,			,,	•	•	•		•	•				
	US	6340	•			В1		2002	0122	US	2000	-5097	78		2	0000	331	<
		2002						2002	0131	US	2001	L-8528	350		2	0010	511	<
		6790				B2		2004										
		2004						2004		US	2004	1-7966	73		2	0040	310	
		6875				B2		2005										
PRIOR									0.00	qT,	1997	7-2842	90		A 1	9971	002	
INION		LALL	DIV .		• •							3-1534	-			9980		
												3-JP44				9981		
												0-5097				0000		
												L-8528				0010		

MARPAT 130:311813

GΙ

$$R^3$$
 $(CH_2)_{n-B}$
 R^2
 R^3
 R^3
 R^3
 R^3

AB The title compds. I [ring A = benzene, pyridine, thiophene or furan ring; B = (un)substituted aryl, etc.; R1 = H, halo, etc.; R2 = 4-morpholinyl, etc.; R3 = H, halo, etc.; n = 0, or 1 - 6] are prepared I are central muscle relaxing drugs for treating, ameliorating or preventing spastic paralysis or ameliorating myotonia. In an in vitro test for 5HT1 receptor antagonism, the title compound II showed the Ki value of 21.2 nM.

II

IT 598-31-2, 1-Bromo-2-propanone 701-34-8

223557-22-0

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation of piperazinylisoquinolines and analogs as serotonin
 antagonists)

RN 598-31-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propanone, 1-bromo- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 701-34-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-bromo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 223557-22-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Benzofurancarboxylic acid, 5-bromo-2,3-dihydro-2-methyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 223555-45-1P 223555-46-2P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of piperazinylisoquinolines and analogs as serotonin

antagonists)

RN 223555-45-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Benzofurancarboxylic acid, 2,3-dihydro-2-methyl-5-(tributylstannyl)-,

ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 223555-46-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Benzofurancarboxylic acid, 5-[7-(4-ethyl-1-piperazinyl)thieno[2,3-

c]pyridin-5-yl]-2,3-dihydro-2-methyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L47 ANSWER 12 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999:166604 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

130:223284

TITLE:

Preparation of arylpyridazinones as prostaglandin endoperoxide H synthase biosynthesis inhibitors

INVENTOR(S):

Black, Lawrence A.; Basha, Anwer; Kolasa, Teodozyj; Kort, Michael E.; Liu, Huaqing; McCarty, Catherine M.;

Patel, Meena V.; Rohde, Jeffrey J.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Abbott Laboratories, USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 307 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

3

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

						APPLICATION NO.	DATE			
						WO 1998-US16479				
	W: AL,	AM,	AT,	AU, A	AZ, BA, BB,	BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN,	CU, CZ, DE,			
	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI, (GB, GE, GH,	GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS,	JP, KE, KG,			
						LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK,				
	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT, 1	RO, RU, SD,	SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ,	TM, TR, TT,			
	UA,	UG,	UZ,	VN,	YU, ZW, AM,	AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU,	TJ, TM			
						UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,	•			
						MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ,				
	CM,	GA,	GN,	GW, I	ML, MR, NE,	SN, TD, TG				
CA	2299300			AA	19990304	CA 1998-2299300	19980810 <			
AU	9886976			A1	19990316	AU 1998-86976	19980810 <			
AU	741317			B2	20011129					
EP	1007515		•	A1	20000614	EP 1998-938451	19980810 <			
	R: AT,	BE,	CH,	DE, I	DK, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL,	SE, MC, PT,			
	IE,	SI,	FI,	RO						
BR	9812127			Α	20000718	BR 1998-12127	19980810 <			
TR	20000047	8		T 2	20020422	TR 2000-200000478				
JP	20035169	25		T2	20030520	JP 2000-507660	19980810			
ZA	9807555			Α	19990223	ZA 1998-7555	19980820 <			
NO	20000008	63		Α	20000222	NO 2000-863	20000222 <			
NO	315423			B1	20030901					
MX	20000185	0		Α	20001030	MX 2000-1850	20000222 <			
BG	104241			Α	20001031	BG 2000-104241	20000315 <			
PRIORITY	APPLN.	INFO.	. :			US 1997-917023	A 19970822			
						US 1998-129570	A 19980805			
						WO 1998-US16479	W 19980810			
OMITTED OF	TTD GT (G)			*** **	3 7 7 2 2 2 2 2	o. 4				

$$R^3$$
 N
 N
 R
 X^2
 X^2

AB The title compds. [I; X = O, S, NR4, etc.; R4 = alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, etc.; R = H, alkyl, alkenyl, etc.; at least one of R1-R3 = II-III (wherein X1 = SO2, SO(NR10), SO, etc.; R9 = alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, etc.; X2 = H, halo, alkyl, etc.; R10 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl); the remaining two of the groups of R1-R3 = H, OH, hydroxyalkyl, etc.] which are cyclooxygenase (COX) inhibitors, and in particular, are selective inhibitors of cyclooxygenase-2 (COX-2), and therefore are useful in treating pain, fever, inflammation, rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis, adhesions, and cancer, were prepared Thus, oxidation of 2-benzyl-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-[4-(methylthio)phenyl]-3(2H)-pyridazinone (preparation given) with MeCO3H in CH2Cl2 afforded 86% I [X = O; R = PhCH2; R1 = 4-FC6H4; R2 = 4-(MeSO2)C6H4; R3 = H] which showed 0.014 μM against COX-2. COX-2 is the inducible isoform associated with inflammation, as opposed to the constitutive isoform, cyclooxygenase-1 (COX-1) which is an important

"housekeeping" enzyme in many tissues, including the gastrointestinal (GI) tract and the kidneys. The selectivity of the compds. I for COX-2 minimizes the unwanted GI and renal side-effects seen with currently marketed non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs).

IT 563-47-3, 3-Chloro-2-methylpropene 701-34-8,

4-Aminosulfonyl-1-bromobenzene

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of arylpyridazinones as prostaglandin endoperoxide H synthase biosynthesis inhibitors)

RN 563-47-3 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propene, 3-chloro-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$^{\text{CH}_2}_{\parallel}$$

 $^{\text{H}_3\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{CH}_2-\text{Cl}}$

RN 701-34-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-bromo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L47 ANSWER 13 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:686864 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:25035

TITLE: Fluorinated heterocycles: I. New 1,4-benzothiazines

and 1,2,4-benzothiadiazines

AUTHOR(S): Vysokov, V. I.; Charushin, V. N.; Chupakhin, O. N.;

Pashkevich, T. K.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Ural State Technical University, Yekaterinburg,

620002, Russia

SOURCE: Russian Journal of Organic Chemistry (Translation of

Zhurnal Organicheskoi Khimii) (1998), 34(3),

428-433

CODEN: RJOCEQ; ISSN: 1070-4280

PUBLISHER: MAIK Nauka/Interperiodica Publishing

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB Chlorosulfonation of 3,4-difluoroaniline gave 2-amino-4,5-difluorobenzenesulfonyl chloride which was converted into the corresponding sulfonamide and sulfinic acid. The latter were used to synthesize various fluorine-containing 1,4-benzothiazine and

1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxides.

IT 598-31-2, Bromoacetone

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation of fluoro-substituted benzothiazine and benzothiadiazine dioxides)

RN 598-31-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propanone, 1-bromo- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 1993-10-8P 152821-61-9P 216252-48-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of fluoro-substituted benzothiazine and benzothiadiazine dioxides)

RN 1993-10-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 2-amino-4,5-difluoro- (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 152821-61-9 HCAPLUS

Na

RN 216252-48-1 HCAPLUS

CN Acetamide, N-[[2-(acetylamino)-4,5-difluorophenyl]sulfonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L47 ANSWER 14 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:364966 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Preparation of benzopyran derivatives and TITLE:

pharmaceutical compositions containing them

INVENTOR(S): Muller, Timothee; Moulin, Claudie; Duflos, Muriel;

Robert-Piessard, Sylvie; Le Baut, Guillaume; Tonnerre, Alain; Caignard, Daniel-Henri; Manechez, Dominique;

Renard, Pierre

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Adir Et Compagnie, Fr. Eur. Pat. Appl., 24 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent French LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.		KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 844245			19980527	EP 1997-402821	19971124 <
EP 844245			20010509		
				GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL	. SE. MC. PT.
•	SI, LT,			,,,,,,	,,,
FR 2756284			19980529	FR 1996-14470	19961126 <
FR 2756284		B1	20000428		
AT 201020		E	20010515	AT 1997-402821	19971124 <
ES 2157539			20010816		
PT 844245		T	20010928		
CA 2222467			19980526		
CA 2222467		C	20020528	0.1 155. 1111110.	223,222
NO 9705402		A	19980527	NO 1997-5402	19971125 <
CN 1183412		A	19980603		
JP 10158260	1		19980616		
US 5889045		A	19990330		
BR 9705064		A	19990720		
AU 9745383		A1	19980528		
AU 720479			20000601	AU 1997-45505	19971126 <
ZA 9710649		A	19980612	ZA 1997-10649	10071126
GR 3036242	T1100	T3	20011031		
PRIORITY APPLN.		MADDAM	100 0700	FR 1996-14470	A 19961126
OTHER SOURCE(S):		MARPAT	129:2789	J	
GI					

$$R^{3}O$$

$$R^{4}$$

$$R^{5}$$

$$R^{2}$$

$$NYASO_{2}R^{6}$$

The title compds. I [R1 = alkyl, R2, R4, R5 = H, alkyl, R3 = H, alkyl, AB acyl, carboxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, etc.; X = CO, CH2; Y = H, alkyl, aryl; A = bond, alkylphenyl; R6 = isocyanato, amino group, substituted urea,

Ι

etc.] were prepared and their pharmacol. activity determined (no data). E.g., reaction of 6-acetoxy-3,4-dihydro-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl-1(2H)-benzopyran-2carboxylic acid with MeSO2NH2 gave N-(6-acetoxy-3,4-dihydro-2,5,7,8tetramethyl-1(2H)-benzopyran-2-carbonyl)methanesulfonamide.

208039-12-7P 208039-13-8P 208039-14-9P

208039-37-6P 208039-57-0P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses) (preparation and pharmacol. activity of benzopyran derivs.)

RN 208039-12-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-2-carboxamide, 6-(acetyloxy)-N-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-3,4-dihydro-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN208039-13-8 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-2-carboxamide, 6-(acetyloxy)-N-[(4-chlorophenyl)sulfonyl]-3,4-dihydro-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 208039-14-9 HCAPLUS

2H-1-Benzopyran-2-carboxamide, 6-(acetyloxy)-N-[(4-bromophenyl)sulfonyl]-CN 3,4-dihydro-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

208039-37-6 HCAPLUS RN

Benzenesulfonamide, 4-bromo-N-[(3,4-dihydro-6-hydroxy-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl-CN 2H-1-benzopyran-2-yl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{Me} & \text{Me} & \text{O} \\ & \text{Me} & \text{O} \\ & \text{HO} & \text{Me} \\ & \text{Me} & \text{O} \\ & \text{Me} & \text{O} \\ & \text{O} \\ & \text{O} & \text{O} \\ & \text{O} \\ & \text{O} & \text{O} \\ &$$

RN 208039-57-0 HCAPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, 2-[[[(4-bromophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]-3,4-dihydro-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-6-yl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 208039-29-6P 208039-30-9P 208039-31-0P

208039-36-5P 208039-39-8P 208039-46-7P

208039-47-8P 208039-49-0P 208039-50-3P

208039-51-4P 208039-56-9P 208039-62-7P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation and pharmacol. activity of benzopyran derivs.)

RN 208039-29-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-2-carboxamide, N-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-3,4-dihydro-6-hydroxy-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 208039-30-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-2-carboxamide, N-[(4-chlorophenyl)sulfonyl]-3,4-dihydro-6-hydroxy-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 208039-31-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-2-carboxamide, N-[(4-bromophenyl)sulfonyl]-3,4-dihydro-6-hydroxy-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 208039-36-5 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-chloro-N-[(3,4-dihydro-6-hydroxy-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-2-yl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 208039-39-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-[[6-(acetyloxy)-3,4-dihydro-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-2-yl]methyl]-4-bromo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 208039-46-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-2-carboxamide, N-[(4-chlorophenyl)sulfonyl]-3,4-dihydro-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl-6-(2-quinolinylmethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 208039-47-8 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-2-carboxamide, N-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-3,4-dihydro-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl-6-(2-quinolinylmethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 208039-49-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-2-carboxamide, 6-[(7-chloro-2-quinolinyl)methoxy]-N-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-3,4-dihydro-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 208039-50-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-2-carboxamide, N-[(4-chlorophenyl)sulfonyl]-6-[(7-chloro-2-quinolinyl)methoxy]-3,4-dihydro-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 208039-51-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-2-carboxamide, N-[(4-bromophenyl)sulfonyl]-3,4-dihydro-6-

methoxy-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 208039-56-9 HCAPLUS

CN Propanoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-[[[(4-bromophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]-3,4-dihydro-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-6-yl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 208039-62-7 HCAPLUS

CN Propanoic acid, 2,2-dimethyl-, 2-[[(4-bromophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]carbonyl]-3,4-dihydro-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-6-yl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 98-64-6, 4-Chlorobenzenesulfonamide 402-46-0,

4-Fluorobenzenesulfonamide 701-34-8, 4-Bromobenzenesulfonamide

106461-96-5 122005-20-3 208039-84-3

208039-86-5 208039-88-7 208039-90-1

208039-92-3 208039-94-5 208039-96-7

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and pharmacol. activity of benzopyran derivs.)

RN 98-64-6 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 402-46-0 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 701-34-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-bromo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 106461-96-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-2-carboxylic acid, 3,4-dihydro-6-methoxy-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 122005-20-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-2-carboxylic acid, 6-(acetyloxy)-3,4-dihydro-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 208039-84-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-2-carboxylic acid, 3,4-dihydro-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl-6-(2-quinolinylmethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$HO_2C$$
 Me
 Me
 Me
 Me
 Me

RN 208039-86-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-2-carboxylic acid, 6-[(7-chloro-2-quinolinyl)methoxy]-3,4-dihydro-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 208039-88-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-2-carboxylic acid, 6-(acetyloxy)-7-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-3,4-dihydro-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 208039-90-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-2-carboxylic acid, 3,4-dihydro-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl-6-(2-methyl-1-oxopropoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 208039-92-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-2-carboxylic acid, 3,4-dihydro-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl-6-(1-oxobutoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 208039-94-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-2-carboxylic acid, 6-(2,2-dimethyl-1-oxopropoxy)-3,4-dihydro-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 208039-96-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-2-carboxylic acid, 3,4-dihydro-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl-6-(1-oxopropoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L47 ANSWER 15 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

2

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:784425 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:345953

TITLE: Deprotection of Allyl Groups with Sulfinic Acids and

Palladium Catalyst

AUTHOR(S): Honda, Masanori; Morita, Hiromasa; Nagakura, Isao

CORPORATE SOURCE: Chemical Process Development Laboratory Drug Substance

Manufacturing Plant, Pfizer Pharmaceuticals Inc.,

Taketoyo, 470-23, Japan

SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1997), 62(25),

8932-8936

CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 127:345953

AB Sulfinic acids and their salts (e.g., PhSO2H, 4-MeC6H4SO2Na), together with a Pd catalyst [e.g., Pd(PPh3)4], were used to remove allylic groups from allylic esters, ethers, and amines. Excellent yields of the

deprotected carboxylic acids, alcs., and amines were obtained.

IT 1458-98-6, 3-Bromo-2-methylpropene 80917-26-6, Benzenesulfinic acid, 4-chloro-3-nitro-, sodium salt

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(deprotection of allylic compds. with sulfinic acids and palladium

catalyst)

RN 1458-98-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propene, 3-bromo-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 80917-26-6 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfinic acid, 4-chloro-3-nitro-, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Na

REFERENCE COUNT: 61 THERE ARE 61 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L47 ANSWER 16 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1

1993:123849 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

118:123849

TITLE:

Nucleophilic substitution reactions of methallyl

arenesulphonates with anilines and

N, N-dimethylanilines

AUTHOR(S): Oh, Hyuck Keun; Shin, Chul Ho

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Chonbuk Natl. Univ., Chonju, 560-756, S.

Korea

SOURCE: Journal of Physical Organic Chemistry (1992)

), 5(11), 731-5

CODEN: JPOCEE; ISSN: 0894-3230

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB Kinetic studies of the reactions of CH2:CMeCH2OSO2C6H4Z-p (I; Z=Me,H,Cl,NO2) with anilines and N,N-dimethylanilines in acetonitrile at 45.0° are reported. The sign and magnitude of the cross-interaction consts. ρxz (and βxz) between substituents in the nucleophile (X) and leaving group (Z) suggest that the transition state (TS) is slightly tighter than that for the corresponding reactions of allyl arenesulfonates(II) . This is also supported by the observation that the magnitudes of ρx and ρz for I are uniformly greater than those for the reactions of II. These results are in line with the simple MO theory that the 2-position of the allyl system is inactive electronically. The steric effect of the 2-Me group in II causes a rate retardation and a shift of the TS toward a later position along the reaction coordinate with a slight increase in the overall tightness of the TS structure. The large $|\rho xz|$ value obtained eliminates the possibility of an SN2' mechanism.

IT 20443-62-3 20443-63-4 20443-64-5

77618-50-9

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (nucleophilic substitution reaction of, with anilines and dimethylanilines, kinetics and mechanism of)

RN 20443-62-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propen-1-ol, 2-methyl-, 4-methylbenzenesulfonate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} CH_2 & O \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ Me-C-CH_2-O-S \\ \parallel & \\ O \end{array}$$

RN 20443-63-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propen-1-ol, 2-methyl-, benzenesulfonate (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} CH_2 & O \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ Me-C-CH_2-O-S-Ph \\ \parallel & O \end{array}$$

RN 20443-64-5 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 2-methyl-2-propenyl ester (9CI) (CF INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & CH_2 \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ S-O-CH_2-C-Me \\ \parallel & O \end{array}$$

RN 77618-50-9 HCAPLUS

Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-nitro-, 2-methyl-2-propenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX CNNAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & CH_2 \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ S-O-CH_2-C-Me \\ \parallel & O \end{array}$$

L47 ANSWER 17 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1990:118372 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

112:118372

TITLE:

SOURCE:

Hydration of 1- and 3-(arylsulfonyl)-1-propynes and

(arylsulfonyl)allenes

AUTHOR (S):

Mikhailova, V. N.; Bulat, A. D.; Yurevich, V. P.;

Ezhova, L. A.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Leningr. Inst. Sov. Torgovly, Leningrad, USSR Zhurnal Organicheskoi Khimii (1988), 24(9),

1948-52

CODEN: ZORKAE; ISSN: 0514-7492

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

Russian

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 112:118372

Reaction of isomeric RSO2CH2C.tplbond.CH (R = Ph, substituted Ph), RSO2CH:C:CH2 (R = Ph, 4-FC6H4, 4-MeC6H4, 4-O2NC6H4), and RSO2C:CMe (R =

Ph, 4-FC6H4) with R1NH2 (R1 = 3-MeC6H4, 4-MeOC6H4) in an aqueous-organic solvent

gives RSO2CH2COMe via the unstable enamine intermediates RSO2CH:CMeNHR1.

IT 369-51-7P 1195-33-1P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of)

RN369-51-7 HCAPLUS

Benzenesulfinic acid, 4-fluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

RN 1195-33-1 HCAPLUS CN Benzenesulfinic acid, 4-bromo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 34176-08-4

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (substitution reaction of, with bromoacetone)

RN 34176-08-4 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfinic acid, 4-bromo-, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Na

IT 598-31-2, Bromoacetone

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (substitution reaction of, with sodium arylsulfinates)

RN 598-31-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propanone, 1-bromo- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L47 ANSWER 18 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:45212 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 102:45212

TITLE: Stereochemistry of allyl sulfones. On the structure

of metalated allyl sulfones and their stereochemistry

of alkylation

AUTHOR(S): Trost, Barry M.; Schmuff, Norman R.

CORPORATE SOURCE: McElvain Lab. Org. Chem., Univ. Wisconsin, Madison,

WI, 53706, USA

SOURCE: Journal of the American Chemical Society (1985

), 107(2), 396-405

CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 102:45212

Stereochem. studies involving alkylation of metalated allyl sulfones are AB probed to address the question of the structure of these important synthetic intermediates. In contrast to recent conclusions, both exptl. and theor., declaring sulfone-stabilized carbanions planar, the diastereoselectivity of these alkylations questions such conclusions even though the addnl. allylic conjugation would have been anticipated to provide a further driving force for planarity. A model to rationalize the seemingly contrasteric highly diastereoselective alkylations in which the sulfone-stabilized allylic carbanion exists as a somewhat pyramidalized organometallic emerges. The preferred conformations of the cyclohexenyl allylic sulfones place the sulfone moiety in an axial orientation and, in at least one acyclic case, the C-S bond parallel to the p-orbitals. An electronic stabilization is proposed to account for this conformation. In addition, the stereochem. of the palladium-catalyzed allylic alkylation with arylsulfinate places this nucleophile into the class of heteroatom nucleophiles that proceed with predominant net retention of configuration. IT 5015-75-8

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with carvyl acetate, catalyst for)

RN 5015-75-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Na

IT 563-47-3

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with sodium benzenesulfinate)

RN 563-47-3 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propene, 3-chloro-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L47 ANSWER 19 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1985:5305 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

102:5305

TITLE:

Substituent effect on the acetolysis of neophyl

p-bromobenzenesulfonates

AUTHOR (S):

Fujio, Mizue; Funatsu, Kimito; Shibata, Koji;

Yoshinaga, Hironori; Maeda, Yasuyuki; Goto, Mutsuo;

Mishima, Masaaki; Tsuno, Yuho

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Fac. Sci., Kyushu Univ., Fukuoka, 812, Japan

SOURCE: Memoirs of the Faculty of Science, Kyushu University, Series C: Chemistry (1984), 14(2), 319-32

CODEN: MFKCAL; ISSN: 0085-2635

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Substituent effects on acetolysis kinetics of several RC6H4CMe2CH2OBs (Bs = brosylate; R = p-MeO, p-MeS, m-Me, etc.), as well as of some analogous disubstituted derivs., were determined An r value (a measure of resonance demand) of 0.56 in the LArSR equation indicated that the mechanism involves a rate-determining aryl-assisted transition state, which cascades down to the tertiary carbonium ion without staying as a bridged intermediate. Thus, the substituent effect maybe viewed as the effect on the aryl-assisted ionization step. The application of the Brown ρσ+ equation is criticized.

IT 18755-55-0P 18755-58-3P 24517-38-2P 28204-21-9P 83324-07-6P 83324-08-7P 83324-09-8P 83324-10-1P 83324-11-2P 83324-12-3P 83324-13-4P 83324-14-5P 83324-15-6P 83324-16-7P 83324-17-8P 83324-18-9P 83324-19-0P 83324-20-3P 93748-33-5P 93748-34-6P 93748-35-7P 93748-36-8P 93748-37-9P 93748-38-0P 93748-39-1P 93748-40-4P 93748-41-5P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and acetolysis of, kinetics of)

RN 18755-55-0 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-methyl-2-(4-nitrophenyl)propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 18755-58-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-(4-cyanophenyl)-2-methylpropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{Me} & \text{O} \\ | \\ \text{C-CH}_2\text{-O-S} \\ | \\ \text{NC} \end{array}$$

RN 24517-38-2 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 28204-21-9 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-methylpropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 83324-07-6 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-(2,3-dihydro-5-benzofuranyl)-2-methylpropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 83324-08-7 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-(4-methoxy-3-methylphenyl)-2methylpropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{MeO} & \text{Me} & \text{O} \\ \hline \\ \text{Me} & \text{C-CH}_2\text{-O-S} \\ \hline \\ \text{Me} & \text{O} \\ \end{array}$$

RN 83324-09-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-2-methylpropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{Me} & \text{O} \\ \text{Me} & \text{C-CH}_2\text{-O-S} \\ \text{Me} & \text{O} \\ \end{array}$$

RN 83324-10-1 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-methyl-2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{Me} & \text{O} \\ | \\ \text{C-} \text{CH}_2 - \text{O-} \\ \text{S} \\ \\ \text{PhO} \end{array}$$

RN 83324-11-2 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-methyl-2-[4-(methylthio)phenyl]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 83324-12-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-methyl-2-(4-methylphenyl)propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{Me} & \text{O} \\ & \text{C} & \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{S} \\ & \text{Me} & \text{O} \\ \end{array}$$

RN 83324-13-4 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl]-2-methylpropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 83324-14-5 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-(3-chloro-4-methoxyphenyl)-2-methylpropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 83324-15-6 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl-2-methylpropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} Me & O \\ \hline \\ C-CH_2-O-S \\ \hline \\ Me & O \end{array}$$

RN 83324-16-7 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{C1} & \text{Me} & \text{O} \\ \hline & \text{C} & \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{S} \\ \hline & \text{Me} & \text{O} \\ \end{array}$$

RN 83324-17-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-[3-chloro-4-(methylthio)phenyl]-2-methylpropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 83324-18-9 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 83324-19-0 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 83324-20-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-(3-chlorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 93748-33-5 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-(3,5-dimethylphenyl)-2-methylpropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 93748-34-6 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-methyl-2-(3-methylphenyl)propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 93748-35-7 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-(3-cyano-4-methoxyphenyl)-2-methylpropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{MeO} & \text{Me} & \text{O} \\ \hline & \text{C} & \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{S} \\ \hline & \text{Me} & \text{O} \\ \end{array}$$

RN 93748-36-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-(3-methoxyphenyl)-2-methylpropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{Me} & \text{O} \\ \hline & \text{C} & \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{S} \\ \hline & \text{Me} & \text{O} \\ \end{array}$$

RN 93748-37-9 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-(4-bromophenyl)-2-methylpropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{Me} & \text{O} \\ & \text{C} & \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{S} \\ & \text{Me} & \text{O} \end{array}$$

RN 93748-38-0 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-[3-cyano-4-(methylthio)phenyl]-2-methylpropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{MeS} & \text{Me} & \text{O} \\ \hline \\ \text{NC} & \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{S} \\ \hline \\ \text{Me} & \text{O} \end{array}$$

RN 93748-39-1 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-(3-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 93748-40-4 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-(3-bromophenyl)-2-methylpropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 93748-41-5 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[2-[[(4-bromophenyl)sulfonyl]oxy]-1,1-dimethylethyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 563-47-3

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reaction of, with chloroanisole in presence of carbon disulfide)

RN 563-47-3 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propene, 3-chloro-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L47 ANSWER 20 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:582465 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 97:182465

TITLE: Benzothiadiazines having diuretic activity

INVENTOR(S): Haugwitz, Rudiger D.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): ? E. R. Squibb and Sons, Inc., USA

Sackey 10 682530

SOURCE:

U.S., 3 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 4338435	Α	19820706	US 1981-268944	19810601 <
PTORTTY APPLA TAFO			US 1981-268944	19810601

PRIORITY APPLN.

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 97:182465

GI

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^{13} & H & R^{1} \\
N & (CR^{2}R^{3})_{n} (CR^{4}R^{5})_{m} (CR^{6}R^{7})_{p} (CR^{8}R^{9})_{r} (CR^{10}R^{11})_{s} SCOR^{12} \\
& & \\
R^{14} & & \\
\end{array}$$

AB [(Acylthio)alkyl]benzo]thiadiazine dioxides I (R = H, alkyl, PhCH2; R1 = H, alkyl, Ph; R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R11 = H, halo, alkyl, Ph; R12 = alkyl, Ph, PhCH2; R13, R14 = H, halo, CF3, SO2NH2, NO2, alkyl, alkoxy; n, m, p, r, s = 0, 1; R1R12 = CH2, CH2CH2) were prepared and are useful as diuretics (no data). Thus, refluxing 5,2,4-Cl(H2NSO2)2C6H2NH2 with AcsCH2CH2CHO in MeCN gave I (n = m = 1, p = r = s = 0, R12 = Me, R13 = 6-C1, R14 = 7-SO2NH2, R-R5 = H).

IT121-30-2

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (cyclocondensation of, with β -(acetylthio)propionaldehyde)

121-30-2 HCAPLUS RN

1,3-Benzenedisulfonamide, 4-amino-6-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \text{C1} \\ & & & & \text{O} \\ & & & & \text{O} \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & \\ & & \\ & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & \\ & & \\ & \\ & & \\ & \\ & & \\ & \\ & & \\$$

IT 78-95-5

> RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (esterification by, of thioacetic acid)

RN 78-95-5 HCAPLUS

2-Propanone, 1-chloro- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

L47 ANSWER 21 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:180349 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 96:180349

TITLE: Alkyl and alkenyl esters of sulfonic acids. XXI.

Kinetic isotope effects of alkyl and alkenyl esters of

sulfonic acid

AUTHOR(S): Sendega, R.; Gorbatenko, N.; Vizgert, R. CORPORATE SOURCE: Odessa Polytech. Inst., Odessa, USSR

SOURCE: Organic Reactivity (Tartu) (1980), 17(3),

247-66

CODEN: ORREDZ; ISSN: 0131-8314

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB The hydrolysis kinetics of p-MeC6H4SO3Cr2CH:CH2, labeled with 14C or $\alpha\text{-deuterated},$ and of different alkyl and alkenyl sulfonates in H2O or D2O are compared with those of alkenyl chlorides and show that the differences in transition states are related to the differences in the degree of covalency of the breaking substrate bond. The transition state structure also depends on the sp. solvation power of the solvent. The occurrence of ion pairing and ion separation in the hydrolyses is discussed.

IT 6165-74-8 20443-62-3 33420-10-9

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(hydrolysis of, solvent isotope effect in relation to kinetics and mechanism of)

6165-74-8 HCAPLUS

RN

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 2-propenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 20443-62-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propen-1-ol, 2-methyl-, 4-methylbenzenesulfonate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} CH_2 & O \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ Me-C-CH_2-O-S \\ \parallel & O \end{array}$$

RN 33420-10-9 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-propenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L47 ANSWER 22 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:142585 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 96:142585

TITLE: Synthesis and reactions of substituted

1-(arenesulfonyl)aziridines and azetidines

AUTHOR(S): Markov, V. I.; Danileiko, D. A.; Doroshenko, V. A.;

Gella, I. M.; Polyakov, A. E.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dnepropetr. Khim.-Tekhnol. Inst., Dnepropetrovsk, USSR

SOURCE: Org. Soedin. Sery (1980), Volume 2, 176-84.

Editor(s): Gal'pern, G. D. Zinatne: Riga, USSR.

CODEN: 38CKA3

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference

LANGUAGE: Russian

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 96:142585

GI

AB Addition reaction of 4-ClC6H4SO2NCl2 and CH2:CMeCH2Cl gave 4-ClC6H4SO2NClCH2CMeClCH2Cl, which was N-dichlorinated with Na2SO3, then cyclized to I with aqueous NaOH. I with H2SO4 in MeOH gave 4-ClC6H4SO2NHCH2C(OMe)MeCH2Cl, which with NaOEt gave 14.5% II. Also prepared were several other aziridines, III, and its 9,10-anthracene analog. IT 563-47-3

IT 563-47-3
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(addition reaction of, with trichlorobenzenesulfonamide)

RN 563-47-3 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propene, 3-chloro-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

TT 834-70-8P 17260-63-8P 38388-71-5P 38388-76-0P 38388-82-8P 78050-50-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation and alkaline cyclization of)

RN 834-70-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-chloro-N-(2,3-dichloropropyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 17260-63-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-chloro-N-(2-chloro-2-cyanoethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 38388-71-5 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-chloro-N-(2,3-dichloro-2-methylpropyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 38388-76-0 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-chloro-N-[1-(chloromethyl)-2-(phenylthio)ethyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 38388-82-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-chloro-N-(3-chloro-2-methoxy-2-methylpropyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 78050-50-7 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-chloro-N-(2-chloro-1,2-dihydro-1-acenaphthylenyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L47 ANSWER 23 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1982:51998 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

96:51998

TITLE:

Sulfonic esters of keto alcohols and medicine

containing these substances

INVENTOR(S):

Fujii, Setsuro; Hamakawa, Toshihiro; Ogawa, Kazuo;

Muranaka, Yoshiyuki; Hashimoto, Sadao

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Taiho Yakuhin Kogyo K. K., Japan

SOURCE:

Fr. Demande, 64 pp. CODEN: FRXXBL

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
FR 2475041	A1	19810807	FR 1981-1712	19810129 <
FR 2475041	B1	19841228		
JP 56108758	A2	19810828	JP 1980-11214	19800131 <

Sackey 10 682530

JP 6	50059904	B4	19851227					
JP 5	7021321	A2	19820204	JP	1980-95299		19800711	<
JP 6	1030645	B4	19860715					
JP 5	7059854	A2	19820410	JP	1980-137026		19800930	<
JP 6	2053511	B4	19871110					
JP 5	7102858	A2	19820626	JP	1980-180852		19801219	<
JP 6	3018940	B4	19880420					
US 4	411911	A	19831025	US	1981-225979		19810119	<
GB 2	2068371	Α	19810812	GB	1981-1888		19810122	<
AU 8	3166677	A1	19810806	AU	1981-66677		19810128	<
AU 5	527933	B2	19830331					
CA 1	167046	A1	19840508	CA	1981-369549		19810128	<
CH 6	555098	Α	19860327	CH	1981-599		19810129	<
DE 3	3103144	A1	19811126	DE	1981-3103144		19810130	<
DE 3	3103144	C2	19921112					
ES 4	199527	A1	19820201	ES	1981-499527		19810130	<
NL 8	3100494	A	19810901	NL	1981-494		19810202	<
NL 1	L85343	В	19891016					
NL 1	L85343	C	19900316					
US 4	1489091	Α	19841218		1983-492873		19830509	<
PRIORITY	APPLN. INFO.:			JP	1980-11214	Α	19800131	
				_	1980-95299	Α	19800711	
				JP	1980-137026	A	19800930	
				JP	1980-180852	Α	19801219	
				US	1981-225979	А3	19810119	
OMITTED COT	TD CTT (C)	7 A CD D A C	TO 06. E1000					

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 96:51998

AB Sulfonic acids were treated with diazomethyl ketones, and sulfonic acid Ag salts with halomethyl ketones, to yield RSO3CH2CO(CH2)nR1 [R = alkyl, alkoxyalkyl, aralkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl; n = 0-6; R1 = alkyl, alkenyl, halo, OH, alkoxy, carbalkoxy, (alkoxycarbonyl)amino, NHCO2CH2Ph, cycloalkyl, oxacycloalkyl, oxaaryl, aryl], which exhibited anticholesteremic activity. Thus, PhSO3H reacted with PrCOCHN2 in ether to give PhSO3CH2COPr.

IT 3019-04-3

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (esterification of silver benzenesulfonate derivative by)

RN 3019-04-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propanone, 1-iodo- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 6378-25-2 80524-88-5

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(esterification of, by diazomethyl ketone derivative)

RN 6378-25-2 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 2,4,5-trichloro- (6CI, 7CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 80524-88-5 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 98-66-8

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (esterification of, by diazomethyl ketones)

RN 98-66-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 80506-30-5P 80506-31-6P 80506-32-7P

80506-33-8P 80519-87-5P 80520-45-2P

80520-46-3P 80520-47-4P 80520-74-7P

80524-35-2P 80524-39-6P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation and anticholesteremic activity of)

RN 80506-30-5 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 2-oxooctyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 80506-31-6 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 2-oxododecyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 80506-32-7 HCAPLUS

Sackey 10_682530

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 5-methyl-2-oxohexyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 80506-33-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 2,4,6-trimethyl-, 2-oxopropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 80519-87-5 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 2-oxoundecyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 80520-45-2 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 2-oxopentyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 80520-46-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 2-oxohexyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 80520-47-4 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 2-oxoheptyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 80520-74-7 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 2-oxo-4-phenylbutyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 80524-35-2 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-2-hydroxy-, 2-oxopentyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 80524-39-6 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 2,4,5-trichloro-, 2-oxopentyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 80521-02-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of) RN 80521-02-4 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 2-cyclohexyl-2-oxoethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L47 ANSWER 24 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:442784 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 95:42784

TITLE: Synthesis and reactions of saturated

1-(arenesulfonyl)aziridines and azetidines

AUTHOR(S): Markov, V. I.; Danileiko, D. A.; Doroshenko, V. A.;

Gella, I. M.; Polyakov, A. E.

CORPORATE SOURCE: USSR

SOURCE: Organ. Soedin. Sery, Riga (1980), (2),

176-84

From: Ref. Zh., Khim. 1981, Abstr. No. 3Zh149

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Russian

AB Title only translated.

IT 834-70-8P 17260-63-8P 38388-71-5P

38388-82-8P 78050-50-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and cyclization of)

RN 834-70-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-chloro-N-(2,3-dichloropropyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Sackey 10_682530

RN 17260-63-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-chloro-N-(2-chloro-2-cyanoethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 38388-71-5 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-chloro-N-(2,3-dichloro-2-methylpropyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 38388-82-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-chloro-N-(3-chloro-2-methoxy-2-methylpropyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 78050-50-7 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-chloro-N-(2-chloro-1,2-dihydro-1-acenaphthylenyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 563-47-3

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with dichlorobenzenesulfonamides)

RN 563-47-3 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propene, 3-chloro-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH₂ || H₃C- C- CH₂- C1

L47 ANSWER 25 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1980:514368 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 93:114368

TITLE: Chemistry of sulfonyl isocyanates and sulfonyl

isothiocyanates. IX. Routes to substituted oxazolidin-2-ones and oxazolidine-2-thiones McFarland, J. W.; Hayes, C. E.; Blair, E. B.;

AUTHOR(S): McFarland, J. W.; Ha Stuhlmacher, K. R.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., DePauw Univ., Greencastle, IN, 46135, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Heterocyclic Chemistry (1980),

17(2), **271**-2

CODEN: JHTCAD; ISSN: 0022-152X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 93:114368

GΙ

 $c1 \longrightarrow so_2 N \longrightarrow 0$ R = I1

p-ClC6H4SO2NCO reacted with 2-chloroethanol and 1-chloro-2-propanol to give p-ClC6H4SO2NHCO2CHRCH2Cl (I; R = H, Me). I cyclized under the influence of pyridine to give the oxazolidinones II. II were stable toward HCl but hydrolyzed in 2 M NaOH solution to p-ClC6H4SO2NHCH2CHROH; p-MeC6H4SO2NHC (S)OCH2CH2Cl, which was converted by pyridine to 3-(4-toluenesulfonyl)oxazolidine-2-thione.

IT 63924-75-4P 74668-36-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and cyclization of)

RN 63924-75-4 HCAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [(4-chlorophenyl)sulfonyl]-, 2-chloroethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 74668-36-3 HCAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [(4-chlorophenyl)sulfonyl]-, 2-chloro-1-methylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 6419-69-8P 74668-38-5P

RN 6419-69-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-chloro-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 74668-38-5 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-chloro-N-(2-hydroxypropyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 78-95-5

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with chlorobenzenesulfonyl isocyanate)

RN 78-95-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propanone, 1-chloro- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L47 ANSWER 26 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1980:6745 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 92:6745

Experiments directed toward the total synthesis of TITLE:

terpenes. 24. On the π route to aphidicolin:

synthesis of 18,19-bisnoraphidicolan-3-one

Ireland, Robert E.; Aristoff, Paul A. AUTHOR (S):

Chem. Lab., California Inst. Technol., Pasadena, CA, CORPORATE SOURCE:

91125, USA

Journal of Organic Chemistry (1979), 44(24), SOURCE:

4323-31

CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

GT

Aphidicolane-type diterpenes, e.g., I, were prepared by construction of the AΒ bicyclo[3.2.1] ring from the tricyclic olefin II. The latter system required the development of spiroketone synthesis which gave III, whose 7-membered ring was contracted via photolysis of a diazoketone.

III

71749-48-9P 71773-11-0P ITRL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation and cyclodehydration of)

71749-48-9 HCAPLUS RN

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, (3',4',4'a,7',8',8'a-hexahydro-4,8'adimethyldispiro[3-cyclohexene-1,1'(2'H)-naphthalene-6'(5'H),2''-[1,3]dioxolan]-2'-yl)methyl ester, $(1'\alpha,2'\beta,4'a\alpha,8'a.alph$ a.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ \hline \\ & & \\ & & \\ \end{array}$$

RN 71773-11-0 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, (3',4',4'a,7',8',8'a-hexahydro-4,8'a-dimethyldispiro[3-cyclohexene-1,1'(2'H)-naphthalene-6'(5'H),2''-[1,3]dioxolan]-2'-yl)methyl ester, (1'α,2'α,4'aβ,8'a.beta.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & &$$

CN Spiro[1,3-dioxolane-2,8'(6'H)-[1H]naphtho[2,1-b]pyran]-3'-carboxylic acid 2',3',5',6'a,7',9',10',10'a-octahydro-3',10'a-dimethyl-, methyl ester, (3'α,6'aβ,10'aα)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

RN 61616-09-9 HCAPLUS

CN Spiro[1,3-dioxolane-2,8'(6'H)-[1H]naphtho[2,1-b]pyran]-3'-carboxylic acid,

Sackey 10 682530

2',3',5',6'a,7',9',10',10'a-octahydro-3',10'a-dimethyl-, methyl ester, $(3'\alpha,6'a\alpha,10'a\beta)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

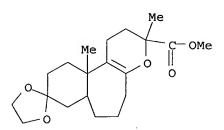
Relative stereochemistry.

RN 71749-30-9 HCAPLUS

CN Spiro[benzo[3,4]cyclohepta[1,2-b]pyran-9(1H),2'-[1,3]dioxolane]-3-carboxylic acid, 2,3,5,6,7,7a,8,10,11,11a-decahydro-3,11a-dimethyl-, methyl ester, $(3\alpha,7a\alpha,11a\alpha)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 71773-04-1 HCAPLUS

CN Spiro[benzo[3,4]cyclohepta[1,2-b]pyran-9(1H),2'-[1,3]dioxolane]-3-carboxylic acid, 2,3,5,6,7,7a,8,10,11,11a-decahydro-3,11a-dimethyl-, methyl ester, $(3\alpha,7a\beta,11a\beta)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L47 ANSWER 27 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1975:410102 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 83:10102

TITLE: Bicyclic lactam compounds

INVENTOR(S): Lattrell, Rudolf; Lohaus, Gerhard

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Farbwerke Hoechst A.-G. SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 52 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

Sackey 10_682530

LANGUAGE:

German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

DE 2325770 A1 19741219 DE 1973-2325770 19730521 <-PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: DE 1973-2325770 A 19730521

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB Isomeric cephem derivs: I, II, and III (R = Me, Ph, AcoCH2, EtSCH2CH2, CH2:CH, PhCH2; Rl = Me, Ph; R2 = phthalimido, 4-ClC6H4SO2O, N3, PhCH2CONH) were prepared by cyclodehydration of azetidinones IV with Al or Ti tert-butylate in Me3COH or xylene. (Me3CO)3TiCl, Bu3SnNEt2, TiCl4, MeCaI, AlCl3, and BEt3-diethylboryl pivalate in PhMe and THF were also used. The ratio I-II formed depends on the catalyst and the solvent. II isomerizes to III readily in polar aprotic solvents, whereas this is prevented by the use of tert-alcoholates of Al or Ti. Cis isomers of I show antibacterial activity and the trans isomers are intermediates for pharmaceuticals.

IT 51523-91-2

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (cyclization with propenyl thioformimidate derivative)

RN 51523-91-2 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 2-chloro-2-oxoethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 37485-77-1

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (cyclodehydration of)

RN 37485-77-1 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 2-oxo-1-(2-oxopropyl)-4-[(2oxopropyl)thio]-3-azetidinyl ester, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

IT 54150-88-8P

Sackey 10 682530

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and ketalization and azide exchange)

RN 54150-88-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 2-oxo-1-(2-oxo-2-phenylethyl)-4-[(2-oxopropyl)thio]-3-azetidinyl ester, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

IT 37485-40-8P 54150-17-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and oxidation with ozone)

RN 37485-40-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 1-(2-methyl-2-propenyl)-2-[(2-methyl-2-propenyl)thio]-4-oxo-3-azetidinyl ester, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

RN 54150-17-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 1-(2-methyl-2-propenyl)-2-oxo-4-[(2-phenyl-2-propenyl)thio]-3-azetidinyl ester, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

$$H_2C$$
 S
 S
 R
 CH_2

IT 55435-84-2P 55435-85-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)

RN 55435-84-2 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 2-acetyl-3-methyl-8-oxo-5-thia-1-azabicyclo[4.2.0]oct-2-en-7-yl ester, cis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

RN 55435-85-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 4-acetyl-3-methyl-8-oxo-5-thia-1-azabicyclo[4.2.0]oct-2-en-7-yl ester, $(6\alpha,7\beta)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

IT 54150-87-7P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation, ketalization, and azido exchange)

RN 54150-87-7 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 2-oxo-4-[(2-oxo-2-phenylethyl)thio]-1-(2-oxopropyl)-3-azetidinyl ester, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

IT 598-31-2

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with diazathiabicycloheptene)

RN 598-31-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propanone, 1-bromo- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L47 ANSWER 28 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1975:4070 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 82:4070

TITLE: 4-Mercapto-2-azetidinones. II. Synthesis and

reactions of 4-mercapto-2-azetidinones

AUTHOR(S): Lattrell, Rudolf

CORPORATE SOURCE: Hoechst A.-G., Frankfurt/Main, Fed. Rep. Ger.

SOURCE: Justus Liebigs Annalen der Chemie (1974),

(9), 1361-90

CODEN: JLACBF; ISSN: 0075-4617

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: German

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

Reaction of the azetidines I [X = S; R = CPh3; R1 = e.g. CH2COMe, CH2CMe(OMe)2, CH2CO2Me, C(:CMe2)CO2Me, or CH:CPh2; R2 = N3, OAc, phthalimido, NHCOCH2Ph, O3SC6H4Cl-4, or O3SC6H4Me-4] with AgNO3, AcOHgCO2Me, and (AcO)2Hg gave I [X = S, R = Ag] (II), I [X = S, R = HgCO2Me] (III) and the Hg derivs. IV, resp. Treatment of II, III, and IV with H2S gave I (X = S, R = H) (V) as cis and trans isomers. Alkylation of V gave I (X = S; R = CH2COMe, CH2CO2Me, CH2COCH2Ph, CH2COCH2OAc, CH2COCH:CH2, CH2C(:CH2)CO2CMe3, CH2CMe:CH2, or CH2COCH2SEt) which were also prepared by direct alkylation of II, III, or IV. The reaction of V with ClCH2COCH:CH2 and with 2,3-dihydropyran gave no alkylation products but the addition products I (X = S, R = CH2CH2COCH2Cl or 2-tetrahydropyranyl, resp.). The solvolysis of III and IV with excess (AcO)2Hg in MeOH and HOAc, resp., gave I (X = O, R = Me or Ac, resp.). V [R1 = C(:CMe2)CO2Me were investigated regarding their possible occurrence in penicillin chemical

IT 51523-93-4P 51523-95-6P 51524-07-3P 51585-55-8P 54487-28-4P 54487-34-2P

54487-35-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and reaction with hydrogen sulfide)

RN 51523-93-4 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 2-mercapto-4-oxo-1-(2-propenyl)-3-azetidinyl ester, mercury(2+) salt, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

●1/2 Hq(II)

RN 51523-95-6 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 2-mercapto-1-(2-methyl-2-propenyl)-4-oxo-3-azetidinyl ester, mercury(2+) salt, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

●1/2 Hg(II)

RN 51524-07-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 1-(2,2-diphenylethenyl)-2-mercapto-4-oxo-3-azetidinyl ester, mercury(2+) salt, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

●1/2 Hg(II)

RN 51585-55-8 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Azetidinepropanoic acid, 3-[[(4-chlorophenyl)sulfonyl]oxy]-2-mercapto- α -methylene-4-oxo-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, mercury(2+) salt, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

●1/2 Hg(II)

RN 54487-28-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Azetidineacetic acid, 3-[[(4-chlorophenyl)sulfonyl]oxy]-2-mercapto- α -[1-methyl-1-(methylthio)ethyl]-4-oxo-, methyl ester, mercury(2+) salt (2:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●1/2 Hg(II)

RN 54487-34-2 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 2-mercapto-1-(2-methyl-2-propenyl)-4-oxo-3-azetidinyl ester, silver(1+) salt, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

● Ag(I)

RN 54487-35-3 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Azetidineacetic acid, 4-[[(4-chlorophenyl)sulfonyl]oxy]-2-mercapto- α -[1-methyl-1-(methylthio)ethyl]-4-oxo-, methyl ester, silver(1+) salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

■ Ag(I)

IT 51523-94-5P 51524-08-4P 51750-42-6P

51887-15-1P 54487-31-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)

RN 51523-94-5 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 2-mercapto-4-oxo-1-(2-propenyl)-3-azetidinyl ester, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

RN 51524-08-4 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 1-(2,2-diphenylethenyl)-2-mercapto-4-oxo-3-azetidinyl ester, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

RN 51750-42-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Azetidinepropanoic acid, 3-[[(4-chlorophenyl)sulfonyl]oxy]-2-mercapto- α -methylene-4-oxo-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

RN51887-15-1 HCAPLUS

Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 2-mercapto-1-(2-methyl-2-propenyl)-4-oxo-3-azetidinyl ester, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Relative stereochemistry.

RN. 54487-31-9 HCAPLUS

1-Azetidineacetic acid, 3-[[(4-chlorophenyl)sulfonyl]oxy]-2-mercapto-CN α -[1-methyl-1-(methylthio)ethyl]-4-oxo-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 1458-98-6

> RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with mercaptoazetidinone)

RN

1458-98-6 HCAPLUS 1-Propene, 3-bromo-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

$$H_3C-C-CH_2-Br$$

[(triphenylmethyl)thio]-3-azetidinyl ester, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

RN 51523-92-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 2-oxo-1-(2-propenyl)-4[(triphenylmethyl)thio]-3-azetidinyl ester, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

RN 51523-99-0 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Azetidinepropanoic acid, 3-[[(4-chlorophenyl)sulfonyl]oxy]-αmethylene-2-oxo-4-[(triphenylmethyl)thio]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester,
trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

RN 51524-02-8 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Azetidineacetic acid, 3-[[(4-chlorophenyl)sulfonyl]oxy]- α -[1-methyl-1-(methylthio)ethyl]-2-oxo-4-[(triphenylmethyl)thio]-, methyl ester, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME).

RN 51524-06-2 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 1-(2,2-diphenylethenyl)-2-oxo-4-[(triphenylmethyl)thio]-3-azetidinyl ester, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

L47 ANSWER 29 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1974:451140 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 81:51140

TITLE: Sulfonium salts as dye intermediates

INVENTOR(S): Rempfler, Hermann; Bosshard, Hans; Weber, Kurt

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ciba-Geigy A.-G. SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 39 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE	
DE 2332709	A1	19740110	DE 1973-2332709		19730627 <	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CH 1972-9851	Α	19720630	
AB Sulfonium salts,	used as i	ntermediates	s for water-insol.	salts	of anionic	
dyes, were prepar	ed by rea	ction of org	ganic halides, alcs	., or	esters with	
sulfides. Thus, reaction of (4-ClCH2C6H4)2 with tetrahydrothiophene in						
37% aqueous HCl 4 hr at 65.deg. gave 1,1'-(4,4'-biphenylylenedimethylene)bis(t						
etrahydrothiophen	ium) dich	loride (I)	[51382-87-7]. Simi	larly	prepared were	
			to II in H2O to q			

Sackey 10_682530

51382-86-6], uniform yellow on polyamide 66 fibers.

IT 51382-86-6P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)

RN 51382-86-6 HCAPLUS

CM 1 ·

CRN 51382-85-5 CMF C22 H17 Cl N5 O6 S2

CM 2

CRN 51382-84-4 CMF C22 H28 S2

IT 52761-33-8

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(reaction of, with (biphenylylenedimethylene)bis(tetrahydrothiophenium)
dichloride)

RN 52761-33-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-3-[4,5-dihydro-5-imino-3-methyl-4-[[3-(phenoxysulfonyl)phenyl]azo]-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-, monosodium salt (9CI) (CAINDEX NAME)

) Na

IT563-47-3

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with tetrahydrothiophene)

RN563-47-3 HCAPLUS

1-Propene, 3-chloro-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

L47 ANSWER 30 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1973:57942 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

78:57942

TITLE:

Reaction of acetol esters of arenesulfonic acids with

substituted phenols

AUTHOR (S):

SOURCE:

Prib, O. A.; Yasinskii, I. M.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Karagand. Med. Inst., Karaganda, USSR Zhurnal Organicheskoi Khimii (1971), 7(2),

348-50

CODEN: ZORKAE; ISSN: 0514-7492

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

Russian

4-XC6H4SO3CH2COMe (X = H, Cl, Me) (prepared in 65-79% yield by hydrating

4-XC6H4SO3CH2C.tplbond.CH in aqueous MeOH containing H2SO4-HgSO4) reacted with ROH

(R = 2- and 4-BrC6H4, 2- and 4-O2NC6H4) in Me2CO containing K2CO3 at room temperature to give 82.1-92.3% ROCH2COMe. 2,6-Br2C6H3OH and 2,4-Cl2C6H3OH gave the resp. acetol ethers in 53.6 and 58.0% yield, and [5,2-Cl(HO)C6H3]2CH2 afforded the mono- and diethers in 90.1 and 91.2% yield, resp. All of the above products except the dibromophenyl and dichlorophenyl ethers formed semicarbazones in 62-92.0% yield.

6165-77-1

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(hydration of)

RN 6165-77-1 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 2-propynyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 1666-18-8 1666-19-9 1666-20-2

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reaction with phenols)

RN 1666-18-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 2-oxopropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 1666-19-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propanone, 1-[[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]oxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 1666-20-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propanone, 1-[(phenylsulfonyl)oxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} {\rm O} & {\rm O} \\ || \\ {\rm Me-C-CH_2-O-S-Ph} \\ || \\ {\rm O} \end{array}$$

L47 ANSWER 31 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1971:124637 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 74:124637

TITLE: Reactions of unsaturated esters of aromatic sulfonic

acids. XV. Solvolysis of 2-methylallyl and

Sackey 10 682530

2-methylpropyl esters of substituted benzenesulfonic.

acid in pure alcohols

AUTHOR(S):

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Sendega, R. V.; Mikhalevich, M. K.; Vizgert, R. V.

Dep. Gen. Inorg. Chem., Lvov. Polytech. Inst., Lvov,

SOURCE:

Reaktsionnaya Sposobnost Organicheskikh Soedinenii (

1970), 7(3), 636-57

CODEN: RSOTAY; ISSN: 0375-9520

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

Russian

The kinetics of the solvolysis of 2-methylallyl and 2-methylpropyl esters of substituted benzenesulfonic acid in alcs. ROH (R = Me, Et, n-Pr, n-Bu, iso-Pr, and tert-Bu) was studied at 50, 60, and 70°, and the corresponding activation parameters were calculated Introduction of a Me group into the β -position of a propyl group decreased the solvolysis rate. The magnitude of the substituent effect depended on the magnitude of the pos. charge on the C atom at the reaction center; the less charge the greater the substituent effect. Linear relations of the rate consts. with inductive and steric consts. of the R substituents in the alcs. was observed; the steric effects of R were slight.

20443-63-4P 32317-63-8P IT

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

20443-63-4 HCAPLUS RN

2-Propen-1-ol, 2-methyl-, benzenesulfonate (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX CN

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{CH}_2 & \text{O} \\ || & || \\ \text{Me-} & \text{C-} & \text{CH}_2 - \text{O-} & \text{S-} & \text{Ph} \\ || & || & || \\ \text{O} \end{array}$$

32317-63-8 HCAPLUS RN

Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 2-methylpropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX CNNAME)

20443-62-3 20443-64-5 20443-65-6 IT

32317-56-9 32317-58-1 32317-59-2

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(solvolysis of, in alcs.)

RN20443-62-3 HCAPLUS

2-Propen-1-ol, 2-methyl-, 4-methylbenzenesulfonate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \operatorname{CH_2} & \operatorname{O} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \operatorname{Me-C-CH_2-O-S} & \parallel \\ \operatorname{O} & \end{array}$$

RN 20443-64-5 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 2-methyl-2-propenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \circ \\ \parallel \\ s - o - CH_2 - C - Me \\ \parallel \\ o \end{array}$$

RN 20443-65-6 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 3-nitro-, 2-methyl-2-propenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & O & O \\ O & O & CH_2 - C - Me \\ O & CH_2 \end{array}$$

RN 32317-56-9 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-methoxy-, 2-methyl-2-propenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & CH_2 \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ S-O-CH_2-C-Me \\ \parallel & O \end{array}$$

RN 32317-58-1 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 3-chloro-, 2-methyl-2-propenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 32317-59-2 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-bromo-, 2-methyl-2-propenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L47 ANSWER 32 OF 32 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1968:476101 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 69:76101

TITLE: Kinetics of the uncatalyzed and alkaline hydrolysis of

unsaturated esters of aromatic sulfonic acids

AUTHOR(S): Vizgert, R. V.; Sendega, R. V.

CORPORATE SOURCE: L'vov. Politekh. Inst., Lvov, USSR

SOURCE: Reaktsionnaya Sposobnost Organicheskikh Soedinenii (

1968), 5(1), 111-26

CODEN: RSOTAY; ISSN: 0375-9520

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Russian

Various XC6H4SO3R (I) were prepared by standard methods, the rate consts. of AB their uncatalyzed hydrolyses in 70% dioxane-water mixts. (k1 in sec.-1) and those of the alkali hydroxide-catalyzed reactions (k2 in 1. mole-1 sec.-1) determined, and the energies of activation (E in cal. mole-1), the resp. pre-exponential terms (A), and the entropies of activation [$\Delta S.++$. in cal.($\circ K.$)-1 mole-1] calculated The prepared I were characterized as tabulated. [TABLE OMITTED] The rate consts. were determined spectrophotometrically, conductometrically, and titrimetrically (the spectrophotometric method was the most appropriate). The results are as follows (I, k1 + 105 at 30, 40, and 50°, E, log A, and $-\Delta S.++$. values for the uncatalyzed reaction, $k^2 + 103$ at 30, 40, and 50°, and E, log A, and $-\Delta S.++$. values for the alkaline hydrolysis given): II, 0.0245, 0.0858, 0.278, 23.6, 10.20, 13.36, 0.362,0.991, 2.54, 18.0, 9.54, 15.88; III, 0.0501, 0.142, 0.458, 21.5, 9.21, 18.65, 0.673, 1.99, 3.98, 17.3, 9.31, 17.96; IV, 0.106, 0.355, 1.10,22.7, 10.4, 13.85, 1.595, 3.98, 10.00, 17.8, 10.84, 15.99; V, 0.653,1.735, 4.33, 18.4, 8.09, 23.53, 7.216, 15.85, 41.69, 17.1, 10.20, 13.91; VI, 1.123, 3.37, 9.40, 20.7, 10.07, 15.68, 1.13, 2.72, 6.55, 17.6, 9.76, 16.05; VII, 2.250, 6.47, 17.17, 19.8, 9.63, 17.55, 1.76, 4.34,11.06, 17.1, 10.01, 14.74; VIII, 5.62, 15.43, 42.42, 19.6, 10.00,15.30, 4.60, 10.73, 24.60, 16.9, 9.85, 15.49; IX, 27.23, 67.17, 163.0,17.0, 8.70, 20.75, 18.94, 44.80, 98.90, 16.0, 9.80, 15.73; X, 1.45,4.05, 10.60, 19.3, 9.08, 13.82, 1.4730, 4.01, 10.27, 18.9, 10.80, 11.13;XI, 2.49, 7.28, 19.58, 20.1, 9.89, 10.70, 2.369, 5.99, 14.33,

Sackey 10_682530

17.5,10.00, 14.80; XII, 7.82, 20.17, 45.62, 18.0, 8.81, 20.26, 6.317,15.00, 35.79, 16.3, 9.57, 17.74; XIII, 39.32, 86.67, 182.2, 14.9,7.34, 26.95, 27.79, 62.80, 134.8, 15.4, 9.54, 16.90; XIV, 13.22(at 0°), 143.5 (at 20°), -, 18.9, 9.76, 15.91, high, high, high, -, -, -; XV, 28.83 (at 0°), 240 (at 20°), -, 16.8,8.59, 23.38, high, high, high, -, -, -; XVI, 8.63, 23.12,46.2, 16.3, 7.70, 20.76, high, high, high, -, -, -; XVII, low, low, low, -, -, -, 2.800, 5.105, 8.09, 10.31, 4.89,38.24; XVIII, -, -, -, -, -, 1.815 (at70°), -, 0.291, 20.0, 10.10, 14.93; XIX, -, -, -, -, -, 3.210 (at 70°), -, 0.588, 19.1, 9.65, 14.38; XX, -, -, -, -, -, 0.210, -, 1.445, 18.8, 9.88, 15.46; and XXI, -, -, -, -, -, 0.833, -, 3.450, 18.3, 10.10, 15.28. The $\sigma 0$ correlation terms for the I reaction series at 30° were evaluated with the following results (R, -log k0, and p0 for the uncatalyzed hydrolyses, and -log k0 and p0 for the catalyzed reactions given): CH2C.tplbond.CH, 6.30, 1.69, 3.18, 1.53; CH2CH:CH2, 4.65, 1.68, 2.74, 1.46; and CH2CMe:CH2, 4.62, 1.62, 2.60, 1.49. The uncatalyzed hydrolyses are discussed in terms of a 2-step mechanism (the slow 1st step involves the formation of a carbonium ion by splitting the C-O bond.

$$Me-C-CH_2-O-S$$

RN 6165-74-8 HCAPLUS CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 2-propenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 6165-77-1 HCAPLUS CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 2-propynyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 20443-62-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propen-1-ol, 2-methyl-, 4-methylbenzenesulfonate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} CH_2 & O \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ Me-C-CH_2-O-S \\ \parallel & O \end{array}$$

RN 20443-63-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propen-1-ol, 2-methyl-, benzenesulfonate (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{CH}_2 & \text{O} \\ || & || \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2\text{-O-S-Ph} \\ || & \text{O} \end{array}$$

RN 20443-64-5 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, 2-methyl-2-propenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \circ & \circ \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ s - \circ - \circ \circ \\ \parallel & \circ \\ \circ & \circ \\ \end{array}$$

RN 20443-65-6 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 3-nitro-, 2-methyl-2-propenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

20443-71-4 HCAPLUS RN

Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-chloro-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

=>